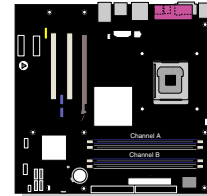
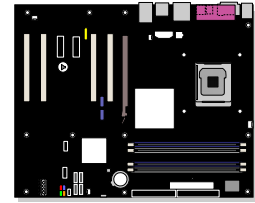


Intel® Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC Product Guide



Order Number: C64177-001

Revision History

Revision	Revision History	Date
-001	First release of the Intel® Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC Product Guide.	June 2004

If an FCC declaration of conformity marking is present on the board, the following statement applies:

FCC Declaration of Conformity

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

For questions related to the EMC performance of this product, contact:

Intel Corporation
5200 N.E. Elam Young Parkway
Hillsboro, OR 97124
1-800-628-8686

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and the receiver.
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit other than the one to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.

Any changes or modifications to the equipment not expressly approved by Intel Corporation could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Canadian Department of Communications Compliance Statement

This digital apparatus does not exceed the Class B limits for radio noise emissions from digital apparatus set out in the Radio Interference Regulations of the Canadian Department of Communications.

Le présent appareil numérique n'émet pas de bruits radioélectriques dépassant les limites applicables aux appareils numériques de la classe B prescrites dans le Règlement sur le brouillage radioélectrique édicté par le ministère des Communications du Canada.

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Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC may contain design defects or errors known as errata which may cause the product to deviate from published specifications. Current characterized errata are available on request.

Contact your local Intel sales office or your distributor to obtain the latest specifications and before placing your product order.

Copies of documents which have an ordering number and are referenced in this document, or other Intel literature, may be obtained from Intel Corporation by going to the World Wide Web site at: <http://www.intel.com/> or by calling 1-800-548-4725.

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Preface

This Product Guide gives information about board layout, component installation, BIOS updates, and regulatory requirements for Intel® Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC.

Intended Audience

The Product Guide is intended for technically qualified personnel. It is not intended for general audiences.

Information Layout

The chapters in this Product Guide are arranged as follows:

- [1 Desktop Board Features](#): a summary of product features.
- [2 Installing and Replacing Desktop Board Components](#): instructions on how to install the desktop board and other hardware components.
- [3 BIOS](#): information about entering BIOS Setup and how to update the BIOS.
- [4 Desktop Board Resources](#): information about connectors and desktop board resources.
- [A Error Messages and Indicators](#): information about BIOS error messages and beep codes.
- [B Regulatory Compliance](#): safety and EMC regulations, product certification.

Conventions

The following conventions are used in this manual:



WARNING

Warnings indicate conditions that, if not observed, can cause personal injury.



CAUTION

Cautions warn the user about how to prevent damage to hardware or loss of data.



NOTE

Notes call attention to important information.

Terminology

The table below gives descriptions to some common terms used in the product guide.

Term	Description
GB	Gigabyte (1,073,741,824 bytes)
GHz	Gigahertz (one billion hertz)
KB	Kilobyte (1024 bytes)
MB	Megabyte (1,048,576 bytes)
Mbit	Megabit (1,048,576 bits)
MHz	Megahertz (one million hertz)

Box Contents

- Intel® Desktop Board
- I/O shield
- One ATA-66/100 cable
- Four Serial ATA cables
- Two Serial ATA power cables
- One diskette drive cable
- One rear panel USB 2.0/IEEE 1394 adapter
- One front panel USB 2.0/IEEE 1394/audio adapter
- Intel® Express Installer CD-ROM
- Floppy disk with RAID driver
- Back panel audio covers
- Quick Reference Guide
- Integration Guide
- Printed Product Guide
- Configuration and battery caution statement label

Contents

1 Desktop Board Features	9
Supported Operating Systems	10
Desktop Board Components	11
Processor	15
Main Memory	16
Intel® 925X Express Chipset	17
Audio Subsystem	17
Input/Output (I/O) Controller	18
LAN Subsystem	18
LAN Subsystem Software	18
RJ-45 LAN Connector LEDs	18
Hi-Speed USB 2.0 Support	19
Enhanced IDE Interface	19
Serial ATA	19
Expandability	19
BIOS	20
Serial ATA and IDE Auto Configuration	20
PCI and PCI Express Auto Configuration	20
Security Passwords	20
Chassis Intrusion	20
Power Management Features	21
ACPI	21
Fan Connectors	21
Fan Speed Control (Intel® Precision Cooling Technology)	21
Suspend to RAM (Instantly Available PC Technology)	22
Resume on Ring	23
Wake from USB	23
Wake from PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse	23
PME# Wakeup Support	23
Speaker	23
Battery	23
Real-Time Clock	23
2 Installing and Replacing Desktop Board Components	
Before You Begin	25
Installation Precautions	26
Installation Instructions	26
Ensure Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Compliance	26
Chassis and Component Certifications	27
Prevent Power Supply Overload	27
Place Battery Marking	27
Use Only for Intended Applications	28
Installing the I/O Shield	28
Installing and Removing the Desktop Board	29
Installing and Removing a Processor	30

Installing a Processor	30
Installing the Processor Fan Heat Sink.....	32
Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable	33
Removing the Processor	33
Installing and Removing Memory	34
Installing DIMMs	36
Removing DIMMs.....	38
Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Card.....	38
Installing a PCI Express x16 Card.....	38
Removing the PCI Express x16 Card.....	39
Connecting the IDE Cable.....	40
Connecting the Serial ATA Cable.....	41
Configuring the System for Intel® Matrix Storage Technology for Serial ATA	42
Configuring the BIOS for Intel Matrix Storage Technology	42
Creating Your RAID Set	42
Loading the Intel® Application Accelerator Drivers	42
Setting Up a “RAID Ready” System	42
Connecting Internal Headers	43
Front Panel Audio Header.....	44
IEEE 1394 Headers	44
USB 2.0 Headers	44
Front Panel Header.....	45
Alternate Power LED Header	45
Chassis Intrusion Header	45
Installing the Rear Panel USB 2.0 and IEEE 1394 Adapter	46
Installing the Front Panel USB/IEEE 1394/Audio Solution.....	47
Connecting Fans.....	48
Connecting Fans.....	48
Connecting the Auxiliary Power Output Connector (D925XCV only)	49
Connecting Power Cables.....	50
Installing Other Connectors.....	52
Setting the BIOS Configuration Jumper Block.....	53
Clearing Passwords.....	54
Back Panel Connectors	55
Setting Up Full 7.1-Channel Surround Sound (Optional)	56
Multi-Channel Analog Audio.....	56
Multi-Channel Digital Audio	56
Replacing the Battery.....	57
3 BIOS	
Updating the BIOS.....	61
Updating the BIOS with the Intel® Express BIOS Update Utility	61
Updating the BIOS with the Iflash Memory Update Utility	61
4 Desktop Board Resources	
Memory Map.....	65
DMA Channels.....	65
Interrupts	66

A Error Messages and Indicators

BIOS Beep Codes.....	67
BIOS Error Messages	67

B Regulatory Compliance

Safety Regulations	69
European Union Declaration of Conformity Statement	69
Product Ecology Statements.....	70
EMC Regulations	71
Product Certification Markings (Board Level).....	72

Figures

1. Desktop Board D925XCV Components	11
2. Desktop Board D925XBC Components	13
3. Location of Standby Power Indicator	22
4. Installing the I/O Shield.....	28
5. Location of Desktop Board Mounting Holes	29
6. Lift Socket Lever.....	30
7. Lift the Load Plate and Don't Touch the Socket Contacts	30
8. Remove the Protective Socket Cover.....	31
9. Remove the Processor from the Protective Processor Cover/Do Not Touch.....	31
10. Install Processor.....	32
11. Close the Load Plate	32
12. Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable to the Processor Fan Header	33
13. Dual Configuration Example 1	34
14. Dual Configuration Example 2.....	34
15. Dual Configuration Example 3.....	35
16. Use DDR2 DIMMs	36
17. Installing a DIMM.....	37
18. Removing the PCI Express x16 Card.....	39
19. Connecting the IDE Cable	40
20. Connecting the Serial ATA Cable	41
21. Internal Headers	43
22. Connecting the Rear Panel USB 2.0 and IEEE 1394 Adapter	46
23. Connecting the Front Panel USB/IEEE1394/Audio Cables.....	47
24. Location of Fan Headers	48
25. Connecting 2x10 Power Supply Cables	50
26. Connecting 2x12 Power Supply Cables	51
27. Location of Other Connectors.....	52
28. Location of the BIOS Configuration Jumper Block	53
29. Back Panel Connectors	55
30. Back Panel Audio Connectors.....	56
31. Removing the Battery	60

Tables

1. Feature Summary	9
2. Desktop Board D925XCV Components	12
3. Desktop Board D925XBC Components	14
4. Memory Configurations	16
5. RJ-45 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet LAN Connector LEDs.....	18
6. Front Panel Audio Header Signal Names.....	44
7. IEEE 1394 Header Signal Names	44
8. USB 2.0 Header Signal Names	44
9. Front Panel Header Signal Names.....	45
10. Jumper Settings for the BIOS Setup Program Modes	53
11. System Memory Map.....	65
12. DMA Channels	65
13. Interrupts	66
14. Beep Codes.....	67
15. BIOS Error Messages.....	67
16. Safety Regulations	69
17. EMC Regulations.....	71
18. Product Certification Markings.....	72

1 Desktop Board Features

This chapter briefly describes the main features of Intel® Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC. Table 1 summarizes the major features of the desktop board.

Table 1. Feature Summary

Form Factor	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• ATX (12.00" x 9.60") Intel Desktop Board D925XCV• MicroATX (9.60" x 9.60") Intel Desktop Board D925XBC
Processor	Support for an Intel® Pentium® 4 processor in the LGA775 package with 800 MHz or 533 MHz front side bus
Main Memory	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Four 240-pin, 1.8 V SDRAM Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMM) sockets• 533/400 MHz single or dual channel DDR2 SDRAM interface• Designed to support up to 4 GB of system memory <p>NOTE: System resources (such as PCI and PCI Express*) require physical memory address locations that reduce available memory addresses above 3 GB. This may result in less than 4 GB of memory being available to the operating system and applications. For the latest list of tested memory, refer to the Intel World Wide Web site at: http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/</p>
Chipset	Intel® 925X Express Chipset consisting of: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Intel® 82925X Memory Controller Hub (MCH) with Direct Media Interface• Intel® 82801FR I/O Controller Hub (ICH6-R) supporting Intel® Matrix Storage Technology
Audio	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Intel 925X Express Chipset• Intel® high-definition audio codec
Expansion Capabilities	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Up to four (Intel Desktop Board D925XCV) or two (Intel Desktop Board D925XBC) PCI bus add-in card connectors (SMBus routed to PCI bus connector 2)• One PCI Express x16 connector• Two PCI Express x1 connectors (Intel Desktop Board D925XCV) or one PCI Express x1 connector (Intel Desktop Board D925XBC)• Four Serial ATA (SATA) connectors• Two front panel USB 2.0 headers• One front panel audio header• Two IEEE 1394 headers
LAN Subsystem	Marvell* 88E8050 PCI Express Gigabit Ethernet Controller (10/100/1000 Mbit/sec) with RJ-45 connector
BIOS	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Intel® BIOS• 8 Mbit symmetrical flash memory• Support for SMBIOS• Intel® Rapid BIOS Boot• Intel® Express BIOS Update
RAID	Intel® Matrix Storage Technology for Serial ATA

continued

Table 1. Feature Summary (continued)

Peripheral Interfaces	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Up to eight USB 2.0 ports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — Four ports routed to the back panel — Four ports routed to two USB headers • Four Serial ATA channels, via the ICH6-R, one device per channel • Up to three IEEE 1394 ports <ul style="list-style-type: none"> — One port routed to the back panel — Two ports routed to two IEEE 1394 headers • One IDE interface with ATA-66/100 support • One diskette drive interface • One parallel port • One serial port • PS/2* keyboard and mouse ports
Power Management	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Support for Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) • Suspend to RAM (STR) • Wake on USB, PCI, PCI Express, PS/2, LAN, and front panel
Hardware Management	<p>Hardware monitor with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Four fan sensing inputs used to monitor fan activity • Remote diode temperature sensing • Intel® Precision Cooling Technology fan speed control that automatically adjusts processor fan speeds based on processor temperature and chassis fan speeds based on system temperature • Voltage sensing to detect out of range values

Related Links

For more information about Intel Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC, including the Technical Product Specification (TPS), BIOS updates, and device drivers, go to:

<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/>

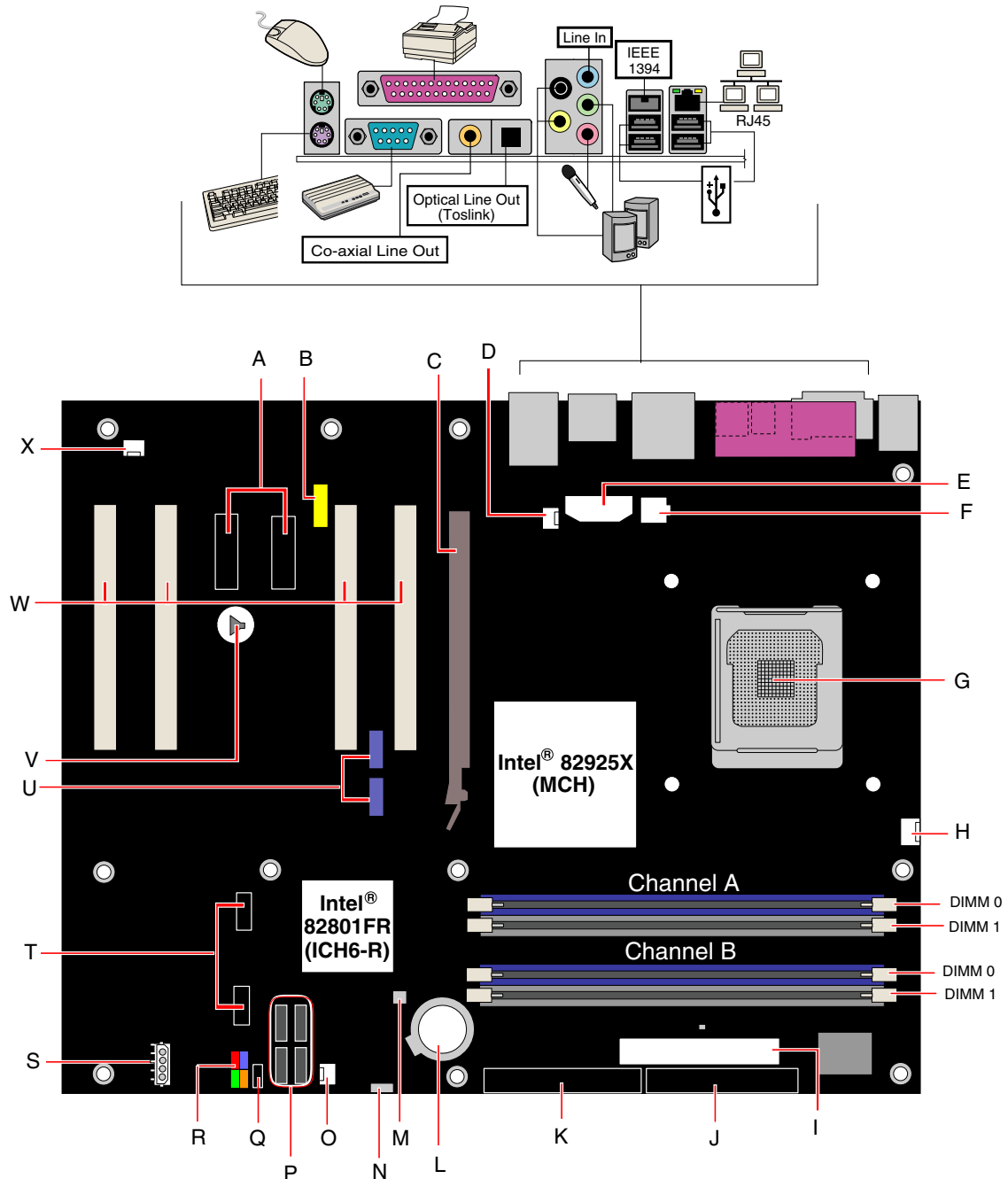
Supported Operating Systems

The desktop board supports the following operating systems:

- Microsoft Windows* XP
- Microsoft Windows 2000

Desktop Board Components

Figure 1 shows the approximate location of the major components on Desktop Board D925XCV.



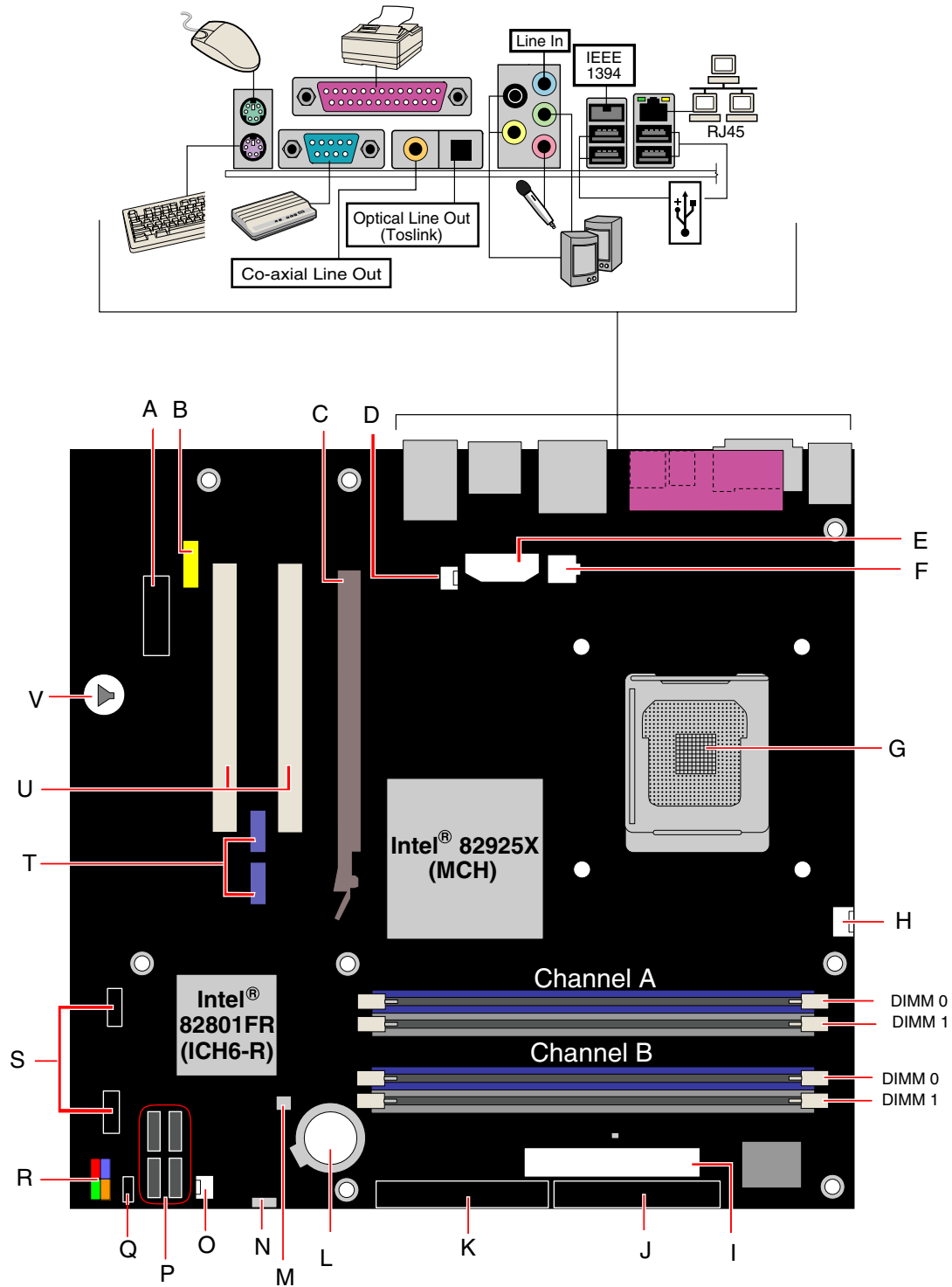
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Figure 1. Desktop Board D925XCV Components

Table 2. Desktop Board D925XCV Components

Label	Description
A	PCI Express x1 connectors
B	Front panel audio header (yellow)
C	PCI Express x16 connector
D	Rear chassis fan header (fan speed control)
E	Alternate power connector (1x4)
F	12 V power connector (2x2)
G	Processor socket (LGA775)
H	Processor fan header (4-pin, fan speed control)
I	Main power connector (2x12)
J	Diskette drive connector
K	IDE connector
L	Battery
M	Chassis intrusion header
N	BIOS configuration jumper
O	Front chassis fan header (fan speed control)
P	Serial ATA connectors (four)
Q	Alternate power LED header
R	Front panel header
S	Auxiliary power output header
T	USB 2.0 headers
U	IEEE 1394 headers (blue)
V	Speaker
W	PCI bus add-in card connectors
X	Auxiliary rear fan header (4-pin, fan speed control)

Figure 2 shows the approximate location of the major components on Desktop Board D925XBC.



OM16946

Figure 2. Desktop Board D925XBC Components

Table 3. Desktop Board D925XBC Components

Label	Description
A	PCI Express x1 connector
B	Front panel audio header (yellow)
C	PCI Express x16 connector
D	Rear chassis fan header (fan speed control)
E	Alternate power connector (1x4)
F	12 V power connector (2x2)
G	Processor socket (LGA775)
H	Processor fan header (4-pin, fan speed control)
I	Main power connector (2x12)
J	Diskette drive connector
K	IDE connector
L	Battery
M	Chassis intrusion header
N	BIOS configuration jumper
O	Front chassis fan header (fan speed control)
P	Serial ATA connectors (four)
Q	Alternate power LED header
R	Front panel header
S	USB 2.0 headers
T	IEEE 1394 headers (blue)
U	PCI bus add-in card connectors
V	Speaker

Related Links

Go to the following links for more information about:

- Intel Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC <http://www.intel.com/design/motherbd>
<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop>
- Supported processors <http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop>
- Audio software and utilities <http://www.intel.com/design/motherbd>
- LAN software and drivers <http://www.intel.com/design/motherbd>

Processor



NOTE

Failure to use an ATX12V power supply or not connecting the 12 V (2x2) power connector to Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC may result in the computer not booting.

Desktop Boards D925XCV and D925XBC support a single Intel Pentium 4 processor in the LGA775 package. Processors are not included with the desktop board and must be purchased separately.

The processor connects to the Intel desktop board through the LGA775 socket.

The supported processors list for Desktop Boards D925XCV and D925XBC is located on the web at:

<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/>

Related Links

Go to the following links or pages for more information about:

- Instructions on installing or upgrading the processor, page 30 in Chapter 2
- The location of the two power connectors, page 48 in Chapter 2

Main Memory



NOTE

To be fully compliant with all applicable Intel® SDRAM memory specifications, the desktop board should be populated with DIMMs that support the Serial Presence Detect (SPD) data structure. If your memory modules do not support SPD, you will see a notification to this effect on the screen at power up. The BIOS will attempt to configure the memory controller for normal operation.

The desktop board supports dual or single channel memory configurations defined in Table 4.

Table 4. Memory Configurations

Memory Speed	Processor	FSB frequency (MHz)	Memory Speed Outcome (MHz)
DDR2 533	Pentium 4 processor	800	533
		533	533
DDR2 400	Pentium 4 processor	800	400
		533	333

- Four 240-pin Double Data Rate 2 (DDR2) SDRAM Dual Inline Memory Module (DIMMs) connectors with gold-plated contacts.
- Support for:
 - Unbuffered, non-registered single or double-sided DIMMs
 - Serial Presence Detect (SPD) memory only
 - 1.8 V memory
 - Memory configuration listed below:
 - Up to 2.0 GB utilizing 256 Mb technology
 - Up to 4.0 GB utilizing 512 Mb or 1 Gb technology



NOTE

System resources (such as PCI and PCI Express) require physical memory address locations that reduce available memory addresses above 3 GB. This may result in less than 4 GB of memory being available to the operating system and applications.

Related Links

Go to the following links or pages for more information about:

- The latest list of tested memory, <http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/>
- SDRAM specifications, <http://www.intel.com/technology/memory/pcsdram/spec/>
- Installing memory, page 34 in Chapter 2

Intel® 925X Express Chipset

The Intel 925X Express Chipset consists of the following devices:

- Intel 82925X Memory Controller Hub (MCH) with Direct Media Interface
- Intel 82801FR I/O Controller Hub (ICH6-R)

Related Link

Go to the following link for more information about the Intel 925X Express Chipset:

<http://developer.intel.com/design/nav/pcserver.htm>

Audio Subsystem

Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC includes a flexible 7.1-channel audio subsystem based on an Intel high-definition audio codec:

The audio subsystem features:

- Impedance sensing capability for jack re-tasking
- S/N (signal-to-noise) ratio: > 90 dB
- Power management support for ACPI 2.0 (driver dependent)
- Intel 82801FR I/O Controller Hub (ICH6-R)
- Realtek Semiconductor Corporation audio codec
- Microphone input that supports:
 - Microphone array
 - Acoustic Echo (AEC)
 - Beam Forming (BF)
 - Noise Suppression (NX) technology

The subsystem includes the following connectors:

- Front panel audio connector, including pins for:
 - Line out
 - Mic
- Back panel audio connectors that are configurable through the drivers of the audio devices:
 - Line in
 - Three Line out
 - Mic in or Center LFE out
 - Two digital line out:
 - One coaxial line out
 - One optical (Toslink) line out

Related Links

Go to the following link or pages for more information about:

- Audio drivers and utilities <http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/>
- Installing the front panel audio solution, page 47 in Chapter 2
- The location of back panel audio connectors, page 56 in Chapter 2

Input/Output (I/O) Controller

The super I/O controller features the following:

- Low pin count (LPC) interface
- One serial port
- One parallel port with Extended Capabilities Port (ECP) and Enhanced Parallel Port (EPP) support
- Serial IRQ interface compatible with serialized IRQ support for PCI systems
- PS/2-style mouse and keyboard interfaces
- Interface for one 1.2 MB, 1.44 MB, or 2.88 MB diskette drive
- Intelligent power management, including a programmable wake up event interface
- PCI power management support

LAN Subsystem

The LAN, with the Intel 82801FR, provides a Fast PCI LAN subsystem. The LAN subsystem provides the following functions:

- Marvell 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet LAN
- Support for RJ-45 connector with status indicator LEDs
- Programmable transit threshold
- Configurable EEPROM that contains the MAC address

LAN Subsystem Software

For LAN software and drivers, refer to the D925XCV/D925XBC link on Intel's World Wide Web site at:

<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop>

RJ-45 LAN Connector LEDs

Table 5 describes the LED states when the board is powered up and the 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet LAN subsystem is operating.

Table 5. RJ-45 10/100/1000 Gigabit Ethernet LAN Connector LEDs

LED Color	LED State	Indicates
Bi-color LED	Off	10 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.
	Green	100 Mbit/sec data rate is selected.
	Yellow	1 Gbit/sec data rate is selected.
Green	Off	LAN link is not established.
	On (pulsing)	The computer is communicating with another computer on the LAN.

Hi-Speed USB 2.0 Support



NOTE

Computer systems that have an unshielded cable attached to a USB port might not meet FCC Class B requirements, even if no device or a low-speed USB device is attached to the cable. Use a shielded cable that meets the requirements for a full-speed USB device.

The desktop board supports up to eight USB 2.0 ports via ICH6-R; four ports routed to the back panel and four routed to two internal USB 2.0 headers. USB 2.0 ports are backward compatible with USB 1.1 devices. USB 1.1 devices will function normally at USB 1.1 speeds.

USB 2.0 support requires both an operating system and drivers that fully support USB 2.0 transfer rates. Disabling Hi-Speed USB in BIOS reverts all USB 2.0 ports to USB 1.1 operation. This may be required to accommodate operating systems that do not support USB 2.0.

Enhanced IDE Interface

The ICH6-R's IDE interface handles the exchange of information between the processor and peripheral devices like hard disks, CD-ROM drives, and Iomega Zip* drives inside the computer. The interface supports:

- Up to two IDE devices (such as hard drives)
- ATAPI-style devices (such as CD-ROM drives)
- Older PIO Mode devices
- Ultra DMA-33 and ATA-66/100 protocols
- Laser Servo (LS-120) drives

Serial ATA

The desktop board supports four Serial ATA channels via the ICH6-R, connecting one device per channel in either a RAID or non-RAID configuration.

Expandability

The desktop boards support the following:

- Desktop board D925XCV:
 - One PCI Express x16 add-in card
 - Two PCI Express x1 add-in cards
 - Four PCI bus add-in cards
- Desktop board D925XBC:
 - One PCI Express x16 add-in card
 - One PCI Express x1 add-in card
 - Two PCI bus add-in cards

Related Links

For information about installing the PCI Express x16 card, see page 38 in Chapter 2.

BIOS

The BIOS provides the Power-On Self-Test (POST), the BIOS Setup program, the PCI and IDE auto-configuration utilities, and the video BIOS.

See Chapter 3 on page 61 for more information about the BIOS.

Serial ATA and IDE Auto Configuration

If you install a Serial ATA or IDE device (such as a hard drive) in your desktop board, the auto-configuration utility in the BIOS automatically detects and configures the device for your computer. You do not need to run the BIOS Setup program after installing a Serial ATA or IDE device. You can override the auto-configuration options by specifying manual configuration in the BIOS Setup program.

When booting from a Serial ATA device, Serial ATA connector 0 is the first boot device and Serial ATA connector 3 is the last boot device.

PCI and PCI Express Auto Configuration

If you install a PCI/PCI Express add-in card in your desktop board, the PCI/PCI Express auto-configuration utility in the BIOS automatically detects and configures the resources (IRQs, DMA channels, and I/O space) for that add-in card. You do not need to run the BIOS Setup program after you install a PCI/PCI Express add-in card.

Security Passwords

The BIOS includes security features that restrict whether the BIOS Setup program can be accessed and who can boot the computer. A supervisor password and a user password can be set for the BIOS Setup and for booting the computer, with the following restrictions:

- The supervisor password gives unrestricted access to view and change all Setup options. If only the supervisor password is set, pressing <Enter> at the password prompt of Setup gives the user restricted access to Setup.
- If both the supervisor and user passwords are set, you must enter either the supervisor password or the user password to access Setup. Setup options are then available for viewing and changing depending on whether the supervisor or user password was entered.
- Setting a user password restricts who can boot the computer. The password prompt is displayed before the computer is booted. If only the supervisor password is set, the computer boots without asking for a password. If both passwords are set, you can enter either password to boot the computer.

Chassis Intrusion

The desktop board supports a chassis security feature that detects if the chassis cover has been removed. The security feature uses a mechanical switch on the chassis that can be connected to the chassis intrusion header on the desktop board. See Figure 21 on page 43 for the location of the chassis intrusion header.

Power Management Features

Power management is implemented at several levels, including:

- Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI)
- Hardware support:
 - Fan connectors
 - Suspend to RAM (Instantly Available PC technology)
 - Resume on Ring
 - Wake from USB
 - Wake from PS/2 keyboard/mouse
 - PME# wakeup support

ACPI

ACPI gives the operating system direct control over the power management and Plug and Play functions of a computer. The use of ACPI with the desktop board requires an operating system that provides full ACPI support.

Fan Connectors

Desktop Board D925XCV has three chassis fan headers (two 3-pin and one 4-pin) and one processor fan header (4-pin).

Desktop Board D925XBC has two chassis fan headers (3-pin) and one processor fan header (4-pin).

See Figure 24 on page 48 for the location of the fan headers.

Fan Speed Control (Intel® Precision Cooling Technology)

Intel Precision Cooling Technology automatically adjusts the processor fan speed based on the processor temperature and adjusts the chassis fan speeds depending on the system temperature. System fan noise may be reduced by operating controlled chassis and processor fans at the minimum necessary speeds.



NOTE

Not all chassis fan headers on Desktop Board D925XCV are controlled. Refer to Table 2 on page 12 to identify controlled chassis fan headers.

The processor and chassis fan speed control features can be disabled independently through the desktop board BIOS. Disabling the processor fan speed control will result in the fan operating at full speed if it is not a self controlled fan. It is recommended that processor fan speed control remain enabled (default BIOS setting) when using the processor fan heat-sink included with Intel boxed processors. Disabling the chassis fan speed control results in chassis fans always operating at full speed. The chassis fan speed control feature should be disabled if a self-controlled chassis fan is attached to any controlled chassis fan header.

The overall system noise reduction will vary based on system configuration and environment.

Suspend to RAM (Instantly Available PC Technology)



CAUTION

For Instantly Available PC technology, the 5 V standby line for the power supply must be capable of delivering adequate +5 V standby current. Failure to provide adequate standby current when using this feature can damage the power supply and/or effect ACPI S3 sleep state functionality.



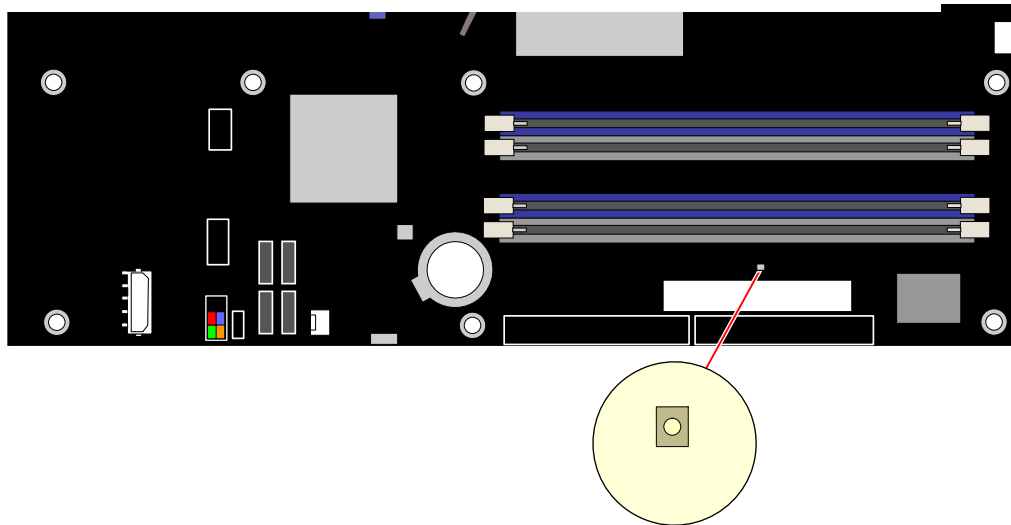
CAUTION

Power supplies used with this desktop board must be able to provide enough standby current to support the standard Instantly Available (ACPI S3 sleep state) configuration. If the standby current necessary to support multiple wake events from the PCI and/or USB buses exceeds power supply capacity, the desktop board may lose register settings stored in memory.

Instantly Available PC technology enables the board to enter the ACPI S3 (Suspend-to-RAM) sleep state. While in the S3 sleep state, the computer will appear to be off. When signaled by a wake-up device or event, the system quickly returns to its last known awake state.

The desktop board's standby power indicator, shown in Figure 3, is lit when there is standby power to the system. This includes the memory modules and PCI bus connectors, even when the computer appears to be off.

If the system has a dual-colored power LED on the front panel, the sleep state is indicated by the LED turning amber.



OM16923

Figure 3. Location of Standby Power Indicator

Related Links

For more information on standby current requirements for the desktop board, go to the link below, select the desktop board name, and then select Technical Documentation:

<http://developer.intel.com/design/motherbd/>

Resume on Ring

The operation of Resume on Ring can be summarized as follows:

- Resumes operation from either ACPI S1 or ACPI S3 state
- Requires only one call to access the computer
- Detects incoming call similarly for external and internal modems
- Requires modem interrupt be unmasked for correct operation

Wake from USB



NOTE

Wake from USB requires the use of a USB peripheral that supports Wake from USB.

USB bus activity wakes the computer from an ACPI S1 or S3 state.

Wake from PS/2 Keyboard/Mouse

PS/2 keyboard/mouse activity wakes the computer from an ACPI S1 or S3 state.

PME# Wakeup Support

When the PME# signal on the PCI bus is asserted, the computer wakes from an ACPI S1, S3, or S5 state.

Speaker

A speaker is mounted on the desktop board. The speaker provides audible error code (beep code) information during the Power-On Self-Test (POST).

Battery

A battery on the desktop board keeps the values in CMOS RAM and the clock current when the computer is turned off. See Chapter 2 starting on page 25 for instructions on how to replace the battery.

Real-Time Clock

The desktop board has a time-of-day clock and 100-year calendar. The battery on the desktop board keeps the clock current when the computer is turned off.

2 Installing and Replacing Desktop Board Components

This chapter tells you how to:

- Install the I/O shield
- Install and remove the desktop board
- Install and remove a processor and memory
- Install and remove a PCI Express x16 card
- Connect the IDE and Serial ATA cables
- Configure your system for Intel Matrix Storage Technology for Serial ATA
- Connect internal headers
- Install the rear and front panel USB/IEEE/audio solutions
- Connect fans and power cables
- Identify PCI bus add-in card and other connectors
- Set the BIOS configuration jumper
- Clear passwords
- Identify back panel connectors
- Set up multi-channel audio
- Replace the battery

Before You Begin



WARNING

The procedures in this chapter assume familiarity with the general terminology associated with personal computers and with the safety practices and regulatory compliance required for using and modifying electronic equipment.

Disconnect the computer from its power source and from any telecommunications links, networks, or modems before performing any of the procedures described in this chapter. Failure to disconnect power, telecommunications links, networks, or modems before you open the computer or perform any procedures can result in personal injury or equipment damage. Some circuitry on the board can continue to operate even though the front panel power button is off.

Follow these guidelines before you begin:

- Always follow the steps in each procedure in the correct order.
- Set up a log to record information about your computer, such as model, serial numbers, installed options, and configuration information.
- Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage components. Perform the procedures described in this chapter only at an ESD workstation using an antistatic wrist strap and a conductive foam pad. If such a station is not available, you can provide some ESD protection by wearing an antistatic wrist strap and attaching it to a metal part of the computer chassis.

Installation Precautions

When you install and test the Intel desktop board, observe all warnings and cautions in the installation instructions.

To avoid injury, be careful of:

- Sharp pins on connectors
- Sharp pins on printed circuit assemblies
- Rough edges and sharp corners on the chassis
- Hot components (like processors, voltage regulators, and heat sinks)
- Damage to wires that could cause a short circuit

Observe all warnings and cautions that instruct you to refer computer servicing to qualified technical personnel.

Installation Instructions



CAUTION

Follow these guidelines to meet safety and regulatory requirements when installing this board.

Read and adhere to all of these instructions and the instructions supplied with the chassis and associated modules. If the instructions for the chassis are inconsistent with these instructions or the instructions for associated modules, contact the supplier's technical support to find out how you can ensure that your computer meets safety and regulatory requirements. If you do not follow these instructions and the instructions provided by chassis and module suppliers, you increase safety risk and the possibility of noncompliance with regional laws and regulations.

Ensure Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Compliance

Before computer integration, make sure that the power supply and other modules or peripherals, as applicable, have passed Class B EMC testing and are marked accordingly.

Pay close attention to the following when reading the installation instructions for the host chassis, power supply, and other modules:

- Product certifications or lack of certifications
- External I/O cable shielding and filtering
- Mounting, grounding, and bonding requirements
- Keying connectors when mating the wrong connectors could be hazardous

If the power supply and other modules or peripherals, as applicable, are not Class B EMC compliant before integration, then EMC testing is required on a representative sample of the newly completed computer.

Chassis and Component Certifications

Ensure that the chassis and certain components; such as the power supply, peripheral drives, wiring, and cables; are components certified for the country or market where used. Agency certification marks on the product are proof of certification. Typical product certifications include:

- **In Europe**

The CE marking signifies compliance with all applicable European requirements. If the chassis and other components are not properly CE marked, a supplier's Declaration of Conformity statement to the European EMC directive and Low Voltage directive (as applicable), should be obtained. Additionally, other directives, such as the Radio and Telecommunications Terminal Equipment (R&TTE) directive may also apply depending on product features.

- **In the United States**

A certification mark by a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) such as UL, CSA, or ETL signifies compliance with safety requirements. Wiring and cables must also be UL listed or recognized and suitable for the intended use. The FCC Class B logo for home or office use signifies compliance with electromagnetic interference (EMI) requirements.

- **In Canada**

A nationally recognized certification mark such as CSA or cUL signifies compliance with safety requirements. The Industry Canada statement at the front of this product guide demonstrates compliance with Canadian EMC regulations. Industry Canada recognizes and accepts FCC certification as denoting compliance with national electromagnetic interference (emissions) requirements.

Prevent Power Supply Overload

Do not overload the power supply output. To avoid overloading the power supply, make sure that the calculated total current loads of all the modules within the computer is less than the output current rating of each of the power supplies output circuits.

Place Battery Marking

There is insufficient space on this Desktop Board to provide instructions for replacing and disposing of the Lithium ion coin cell battery. For system safety certification, the following statement or equivalent statement is required to be permanently and legibly marked on the chassis near the battery.



CAUTION

Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect type. Batteries should be recycled where possible. Disposal of used batteries must be in accordance with local environmental regulations.

Related Links

For information about replacing the battery, go to page 55 in Chapter 2.

Use Only for Intended Applications

All Intel desktop boards are evaluated as Information Technology Equipment (I.T.E.) for use in personal computers for installation in homes, offices, schools, computer rooms, and similar locations. The suitability of this product for other applications or environments, such as medical, industrial, alarm systems, test equipment, etc. may require further evaluation.

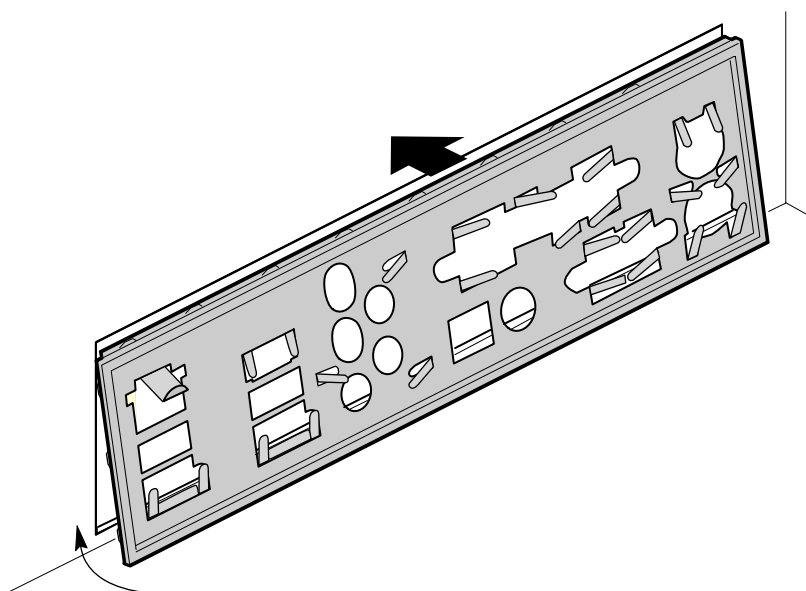
Related Links

For information about regulatory compliance, go to Appendix B on page 69.

Installing the I/O Shield

The desktop board comes with an I/O shield. When installed in the chassis, the shield blocks radio frequency transmissions, protects internal components from dust and foreign objects, and promotes correct airflow within the chassis.

Install the I/O shield before installing the desktop board in the chassis. Place the shield inside the chassis as shown in Figure 4. Press the shield into place so that it fits tightly and securely. If the shield doesn't fit, obtain a properly-sized shield from the chassis supplier.



OM16922

Figure 4. Installing the I/O Shield

Installing and Removing the Desktop Board



WARNING

Only qualified technical personnel should do this procedure. Disconnect the computer from its power source before performing the procedures described here. Failure to disconnect the power before you open the computer can result in personal injury or equipment damage.

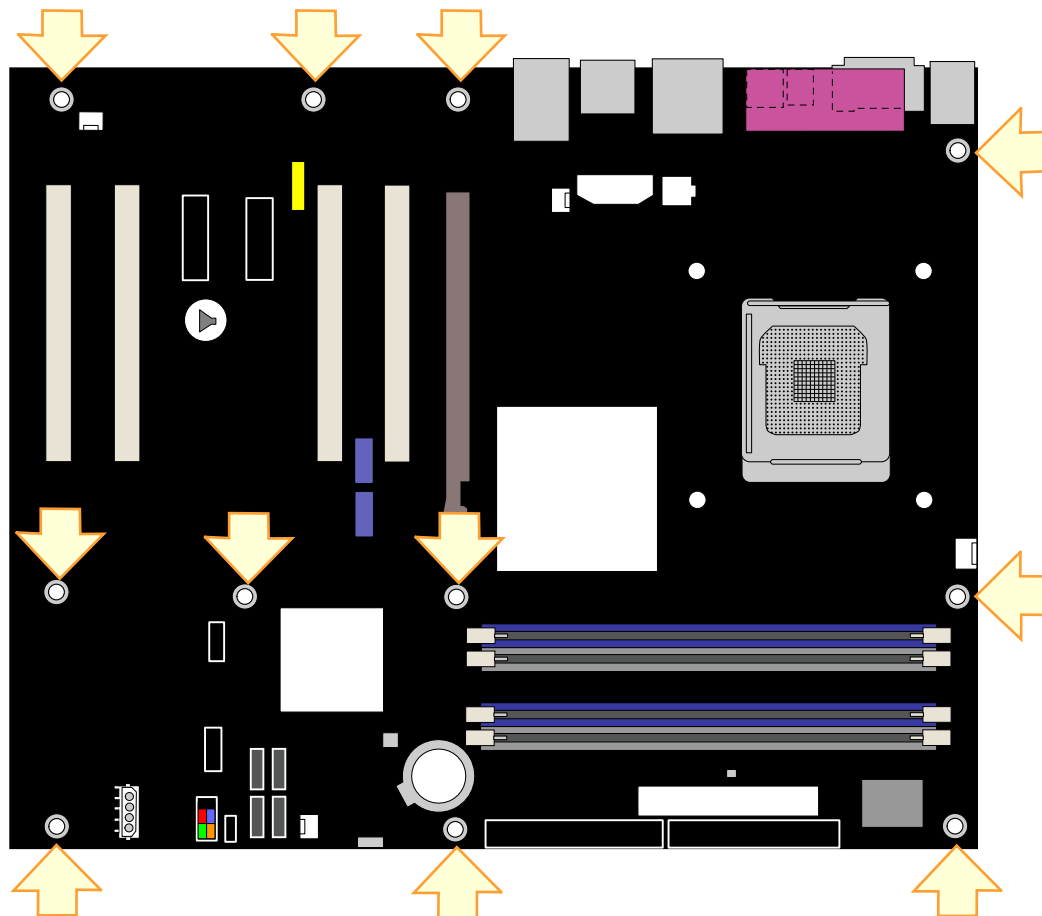


NOTE

Refer to Appendix B for regulatory requirements.

Refer to your chassis manual for instructions on installing and removing the desktop board.

Figure 5 shows the location of the 11 mounting holes for Desktop Board D925XCV. Desktop Board D925XBC has eight mounting holes.



OM16924

Figure 5. Location of Desktop Board Mounting Holes

Installing and Removing a Processor

Instructions on how to install the processor to the desktop board are given below.

Installing a Processor



CAUTION

Before installing or removing the processor, make sure that AC power has been removed by unplugging the power cord from the computer; the standby power LED should not be lit (see Figure 3 on page 22). Failure to do so could damage the processor and the board.

To install a processor, follow these instructions:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Open the socket lever by pushing the lever down and away from the socket (see Figure 6, A and B).

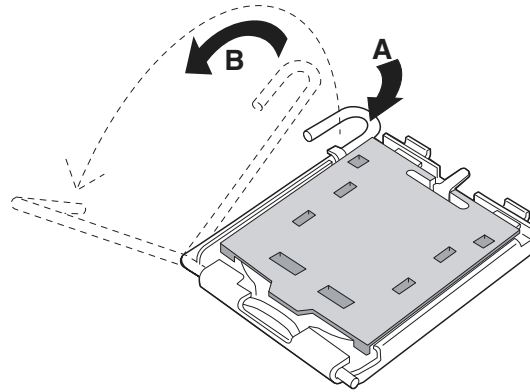


Figure 6. Lift Socket Lever

3. Lift the load plate. Do not touch the socket contacts (see Figure 7, C and D).

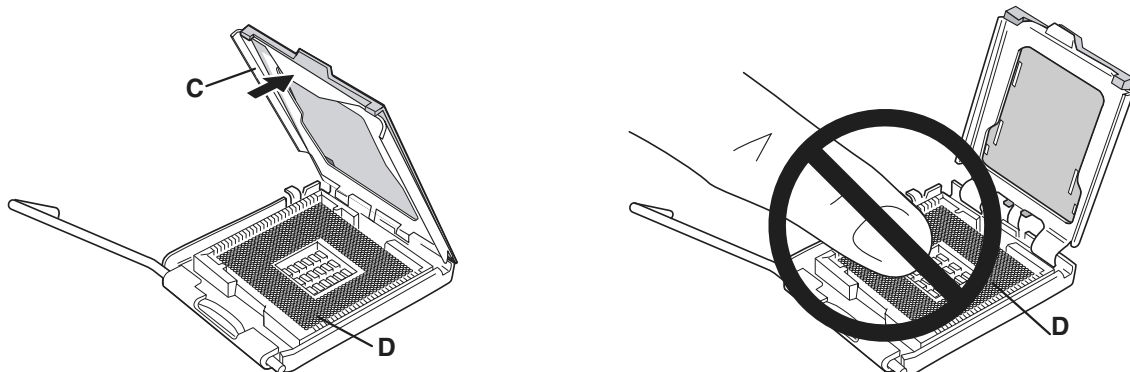


Figure 7. Lift the Load Plate and Don't Touch the Socket Contacts

4. Remove the protective socket cover from the load plate. Do not discard the protective socket cover. Always replace the socket cover if the processor is removed from the socket (see Figure 8, E).

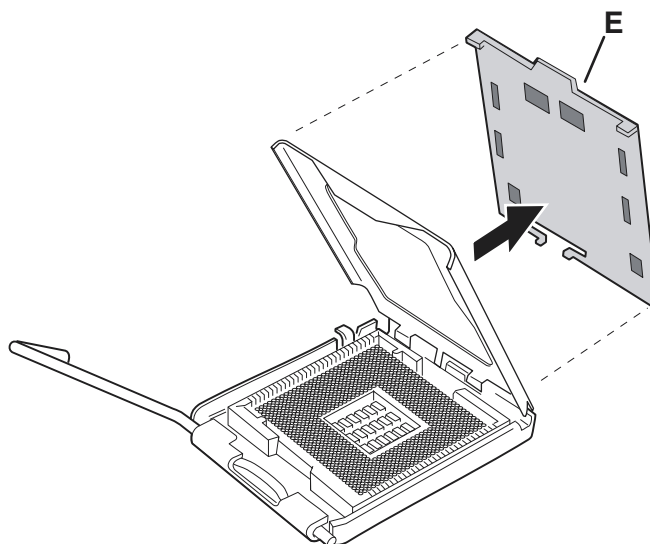


Figure 8. Remove the Protective Socket Cover

5. Remove the processor from the protective processor cover. Hold the processor only at the edges, being careful not to touch the bottom of the processor. Do not discard the protective processor cover. Always replace the processor cover if the processor is removed from the socket (see Figure 9).

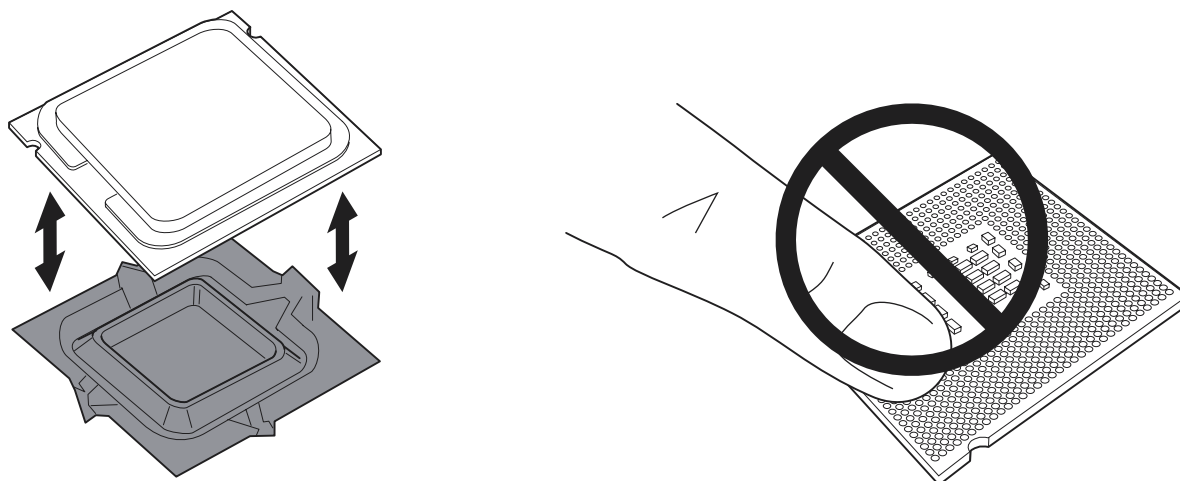


Figure 9. Remove the Processor from the Protective Processor Cover/Do Not Touch

6. Hold the processor with your thumb and index fingers oriented as shown in Figure 10. Make sure fingers align to the socket cutouts (see Figure 10, F). Align notches (see Figure 10, G) with the socket see (Figure 10, H). Lower the processor straight down without tilting or sliding the processor in the socket.

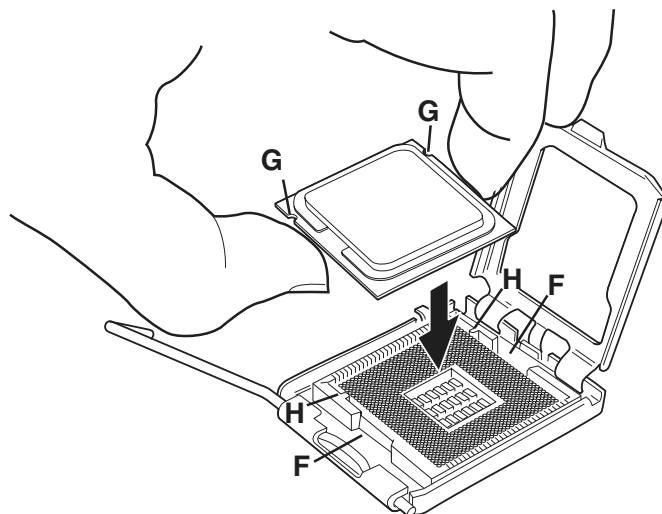


Figure 10. Install Processor

7. Pressing down on the load plate (Figure 11, I) close and engage the socket lever (Figure 11, J).

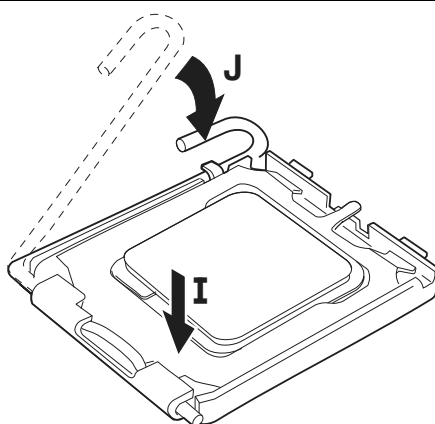


Figure 11. Close the Load Plate

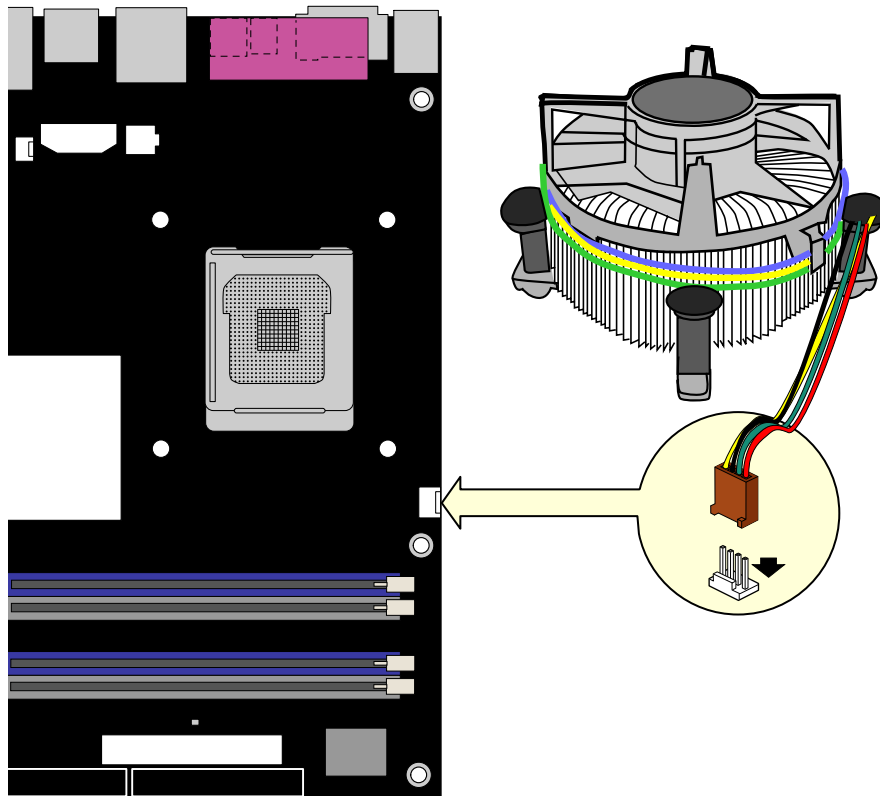
Installing the Processor Fan Heat Sink

Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC has an integrated processor fan heat sink retention mechanism (RM). For instructions on how to attach the processor fan heat sink to the integrated processor fan heat sink RM, refer to the boxed processor manual or the Intel World Wide Web site at:

<http://support.intel.com/support/processors/pentium4/intnotes478.htm>

Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable

Connect the processor fan heat sink cable to the 4-pin processor fan header (see Figure 12).



OM16925

Figure 12. Connecting the Processor Fan Heat Sink Cable to the Processor Fan Header

Removing the Processor

For instruction on how to remove the processor fan heat sink and processor, refer to the processor installation manual or the Intel World Wide Web site at:

<http://support.intel.com/support/processors/pentium4/intnotes478.htm>

Installing and Removing Memory



CAUTION

To be fully compliant with all applicable Intel SDRAM memory specifications, the board requires DIMMs that support the Serial Presence Detect (SPD) data structure. You can access the PC Serial Presence Detect Specification at:

<http://www.intel.com/technology/memory/pcsdram/spec/>

Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC has four 240-pin DIMM sockets arranged as DIMM 0 and DIMM 1 in both Channel A and Channel B, as shown in Figure 17.

Guidelines for Dual Channel Memory Configuration

Before installing DIMMs, read and follow these guidelines for dual channel configuration.

Two or Four DIMMs

Install a matched pair of DIMMs equal in speed and size (see Figure 13) in DIMM 0 (blue) of both channels A and B.

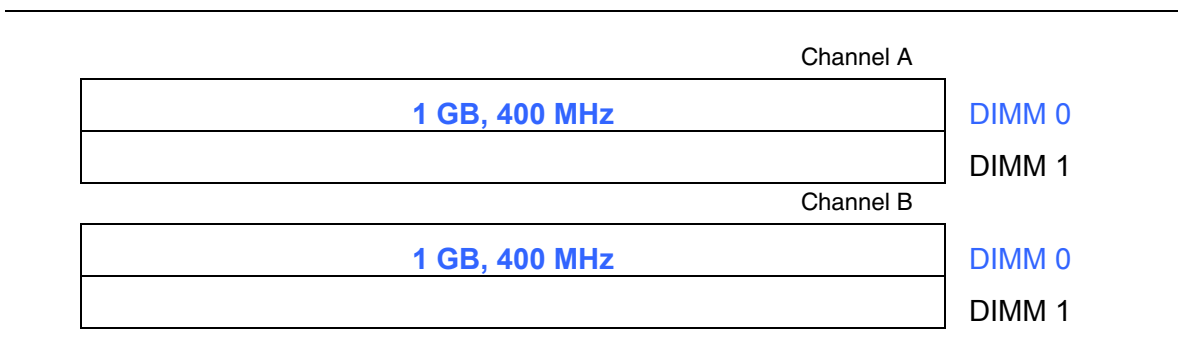


Figure 13. Dual Configuration Example 1

If additional memory is to be used, install another matched pair of DIMMs in DIMM 1 (black) in both channels A and B (see Figure 14).

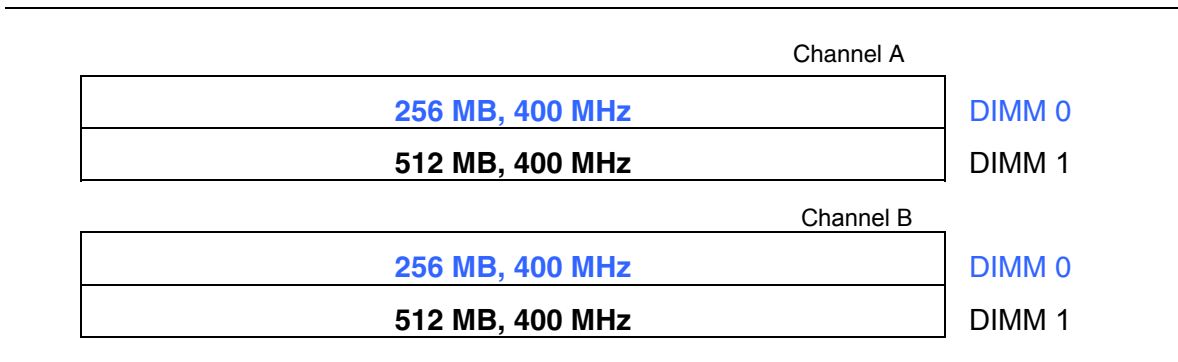


Figure 14. Dual Configuration Example 2

Three DIMMs

Install a matched pair of DIMMs equal in speed and size in DIMM 0 (blue) and DIMM 1 (black) of channel A. Install a DIMM equal in speed and total size of the DIMMs installed in channel A in either DIMM 0 or DIMM 1 of channel B (see Figure 15).

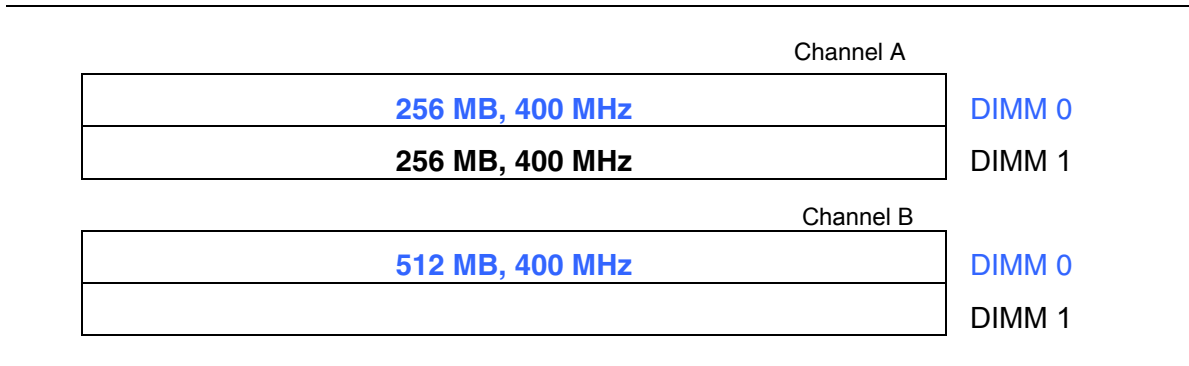


Figure 15. Dual Configuration Example 3



NOTE

All other memory configurations will result in single channel memory operation.

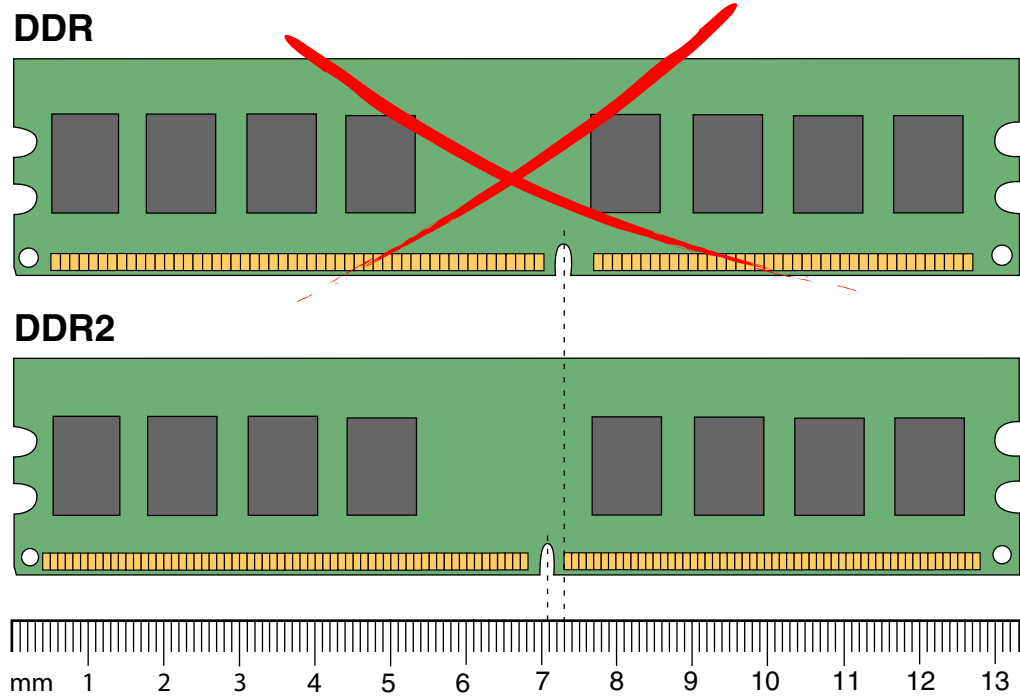
Installing DIMMs



CAUTION

Install memory in the DIMM sockets prior to installing the PCI Express x16 card to avoid interference with the memory retention mechanism.

To make sure you have the correct DIMM, place the DIMM on the illustration in Figure 16 showing the DDR2 DIMM. All the notches should match with the DDR2 DIMM.

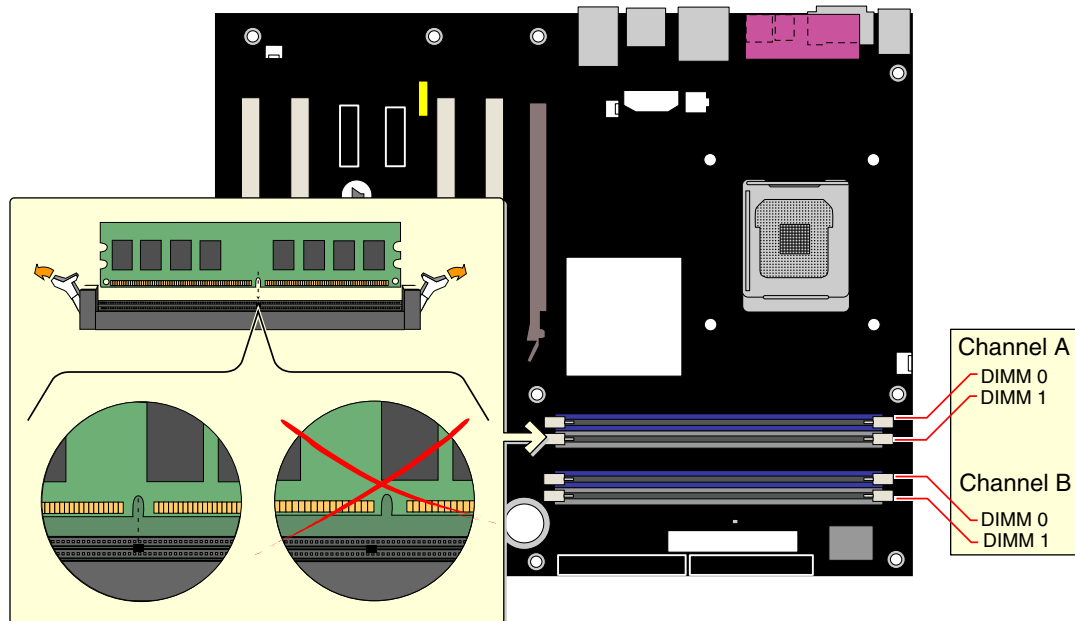


OM16943

Figure 16. Use DDR2 DIMMs

To install DIMMs, follow these steps:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
3. Remove the computer's cover and locate the DIMM sockets (see Figure 17).
4. Remove the PCI Express card if it interferes with the DIMM retaining clips from being easily opened and closed.



OM16926

Figure 17. Installing a DIMM

5. Make sure the clips at either end of the DIMM socket(s) are pushed outward to the open position.
6. Holding the DIMM by the edges, remove it from its anti-static package.
7. Position the DIMM above the socket. Align the small notch at the bottom edge of the DIMM with the keys in the socket (see inset in Figure 17).
8. Insert the bottom edge of the DIMM into the socket.
9. When the DIMM is inserted, push down on the top edge of the DIMM until the retaining clips snap into place. Make sure the clips are firmly in place.
10. Reinstall the PCI Express x16 card if it was removed prior to installing the DIMMs.
11. Replace the computer's cover and reconnect the AC power cord.

Removing DIMMs

To remove a memory module, follow these steps:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer.
3. Remove the AC power cord from the computer.
4. Remove the computer's cover.
5. Remove the PCI Express x16 card if it interferes with the DIMM clips from being easily opened and closed.
6. Gently spread the retaining clips at each end of the DIMM socket. The DIMM pops out of the socket.
7. Hold the DIMM by the edges, lift it away from the socket, and store it in an anti-static package.
8. Reinstall and reconnect any parts you removed or disconnected to reach the DIMM sockets.
9. Replace the computer's cover and reconnect the AC power cord.

Installing and Removing a PCI Express x16 Card



CAUTION

When installing any PCI Express x16 card on the desktop board, ensure that it is fully seated in the PCI Express x16 connector before you power on the system. If the card is not fully seated in the PCI Express x16 connector, an electrical short may result across the PCI Express x16 connector pins. Depending on the over-current protection of the power supply, certain board components and/or traces may be damaged.

The desktop board has an integrated PCI Express x16 card retention mechanism (RM).

Installing a PCI Express x16 Card

Follow these instructions to install a PCI Express x16 card:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Place the card in the PCI Express x16 connector.
3. Press down on the card until it is completely seated in the PCI Express x16 connector and the card retention notch snaps into place around the RM pin.
4. Secure the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.

Removing the PCI Express x16 Card

Follow these instructions to remove the PCI Express x16 card from the RM:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Remove the screw that secures the card's metal bracket to the chassis back panel (Figure 18, A).
3. Push back on the RM lever until the retention pin completely clears the notch in the card (Figure 18, B).
4. Pull the card straight up (Figure 18, C).

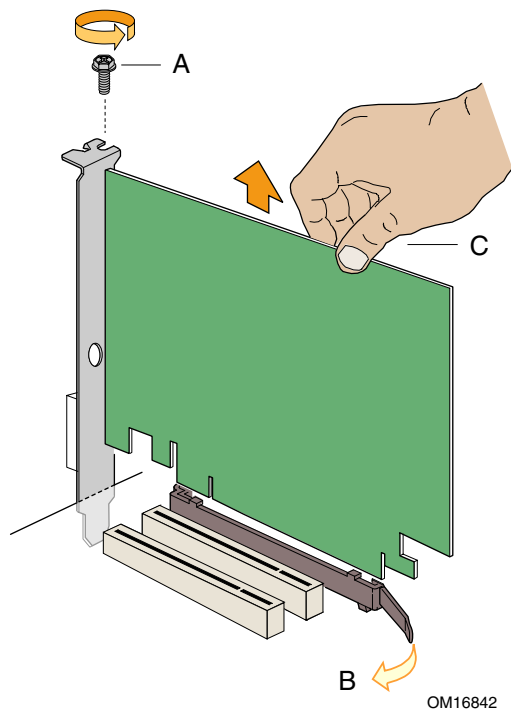


Figure 18. Removing the PCI Express x16 Card

Connecting the IDE Cable

The IDE cable can connect two drives to the desktop board. The cable supports the ATA-66/100 transfer protocol. Figure 19 shows the correct installation of the cable.



NOTE

ATA-66/100 compatible cables are backward compatible with drives using slower IDE transfer protocols. If an ATA-66/100 disk drive and a disk drive using any other IDE transfer protocol are attached to the same cable, the maximum transfer rate between the drives may be reduced to that of the slowest drive.



NOTE

Do not connect an ATA device as a slave on the same IDE cable as an ATAPI master device. For example, do not connect an ATA hard drive as a slave to an ATAPI CD-ROM drive.

For correct function of the cable:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Attach the cable end with the single connector to the Intel desktop board (Figure 19, A).
3. Attach the cable end with the two closely spaced connectors to the drives (Figure 19, B).

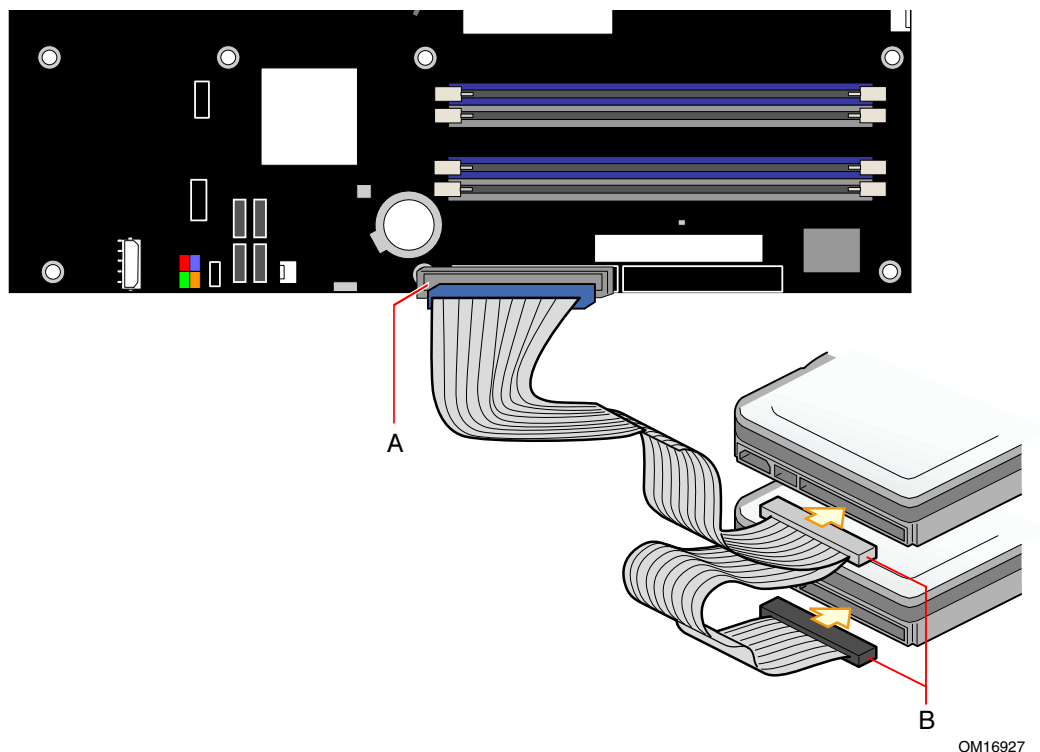


Figure 19. Connecting the IDE Cable

Connecting the Serial ATA Cable

The SATA cable (4-conductor) supports the Serial ATA protocol and connects a single drive to the desktop board. Either end of the cable can be connected to the SATA drive or the connector on the board.

For correct cable function:

1. Observe the precaution in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Attach either cable end to the connector (Figure 20, A) on the board.
3. Attach the other cable end to the drive (Figure 20, B).

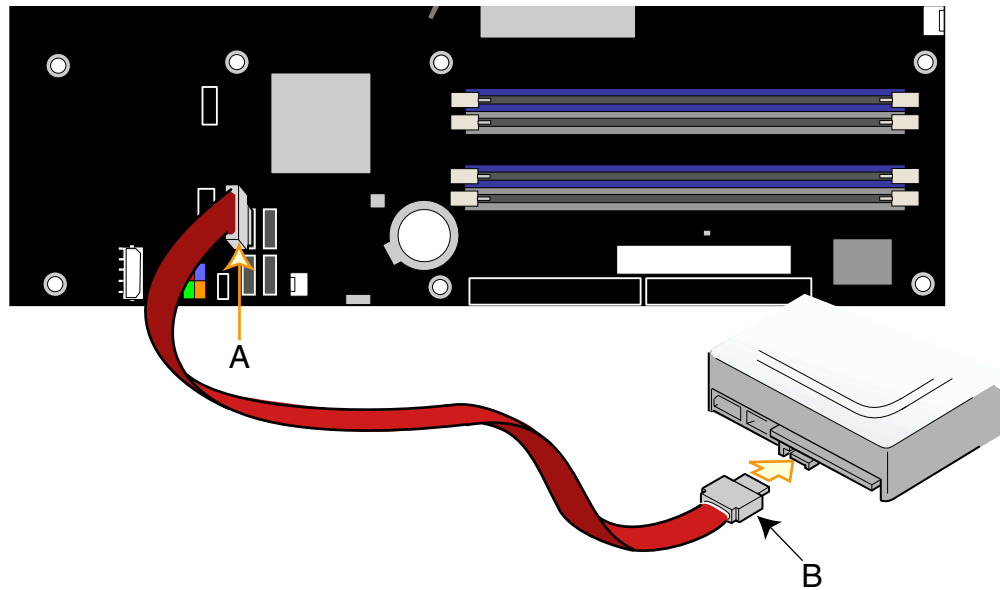


Figure 20. Connecting the Serial ATA Cable

Configuring the System for Intel® Matrix Storage Technology for Serial ATA

Configuring the BIOS for Intel Matrix Storage Technology

1. Assemble your system and attach two SATA hard drives.
2. Enter system BIOS Setup by pressing the <F2> key after the Power-On-Self-Test (POST) memory tests begin.
3. Go to Advanced → Drive Configuration; ensure Intel Matrix Storage Technology is enabled.
4. Then save your settings by pressing <F10>.

Creating Your RAID Set

1. Upon re-boot you will see the Intel® Application Accelerator RAID Option ROM status message on the screen.
(Press<cntrl-I> to enter RAID Configuration Utility), then press CTRL-I to enter the RAID Option ROM user interface.
2. In the User Interface menu, select option #1; Create RAID Volume. Enter a volume name, press <enter>.
Note: The RAID Volume name must be in English alphanumeric ASCII characters.
3. Use the arrow keys to select RAID 0 or RAID 1, press <enter>.
4. Select the drives to be used in the RAID array (only if there are more than two drives available), press <enter>.
5. Select the strip size (only for RAID 0), and press <enter>.
6. Enter the size of the volume (If you select less than the maximum volume size you can then create a second RAID array on the remaining portion of your volume), and press <enter>.
7. Finally press <Y> to confirm your selections.
8. Exit the Option ROM user interface by pressing <esc>.

Loading the Intel® Application Accelerator Drivers

1. Begin Windows Setup by booting from the Windows installation CD.
2. At the beginning of Windows Setup, press <F6> to install a third-party SCSI or RAID driver. When prompted, insert the floppy disk labeled RAID Driver. Install the Intel® 82801FR SATA RAID Controller driver.
3. Finish the Windows installation and install all necessary drivers.
4. Install the Intel Application Accelerator software via the Intel Express Installer CD included with your motherboard or after downloading it from the Internet. This will add the Intel® Storage Utility which can be used to manage the RAID configuration.

Setting Up a “RAID Ready” System

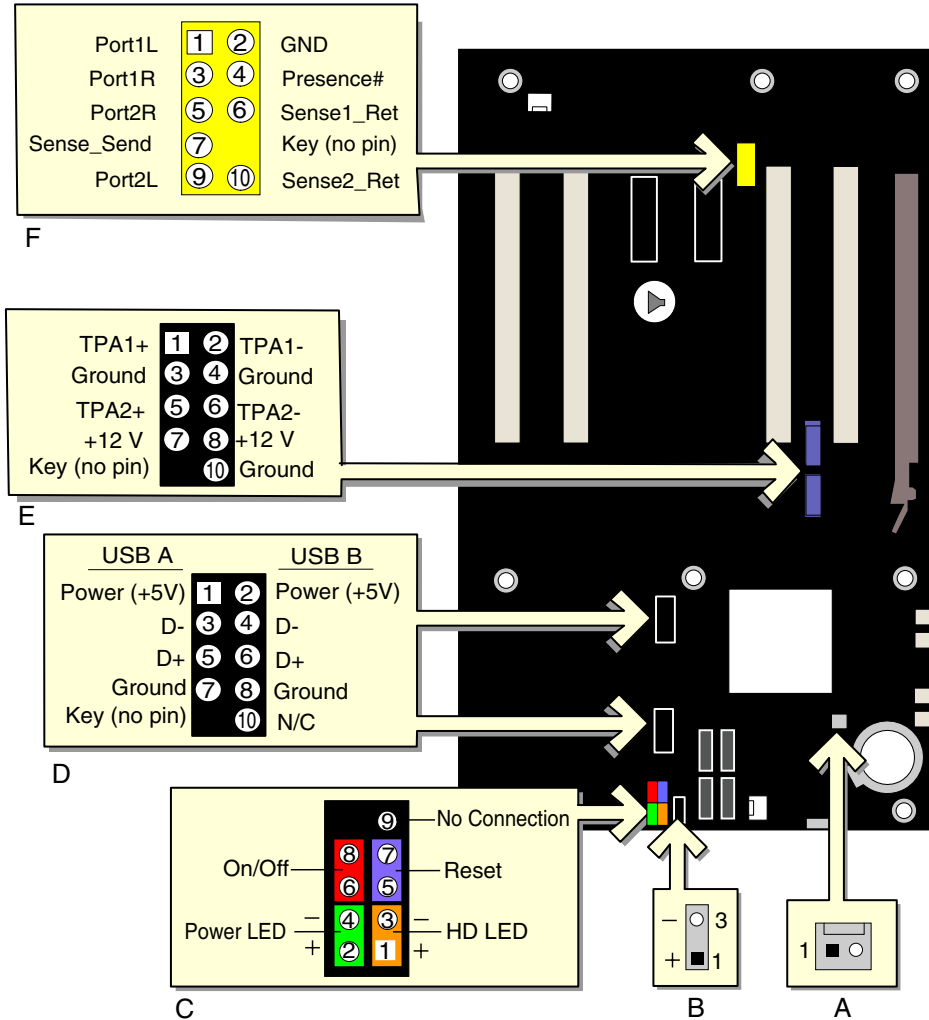
The Intel Application Accelerator software offers the flexibility to upgrade from a single Serial ATA drive to RAID without reinstalling the Operating System (OS), when a second SATA hard drive is added to the system.

Follow the steps described in "Configuring the BIOS for Intel Matrix Storage Technology" and "Loading the Intel Application Accelerator Drivers".

For more information about RAID, go to <http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/>

Connecting Internal Headers

Before connecting cables to the internal headers, observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.



OM16934

Item	Description
A	Chassis intrusion
B	Alternate power LED
C	Front panel
D	USB 2.0
E	IEEE 1394
F	Front panel audio

Figure 21. Internal Headers

Front Panel Audio Header

Figure 21, F on page 43 shows the location of the yellow front panel audio header. Table 6 shows the pin assignments for the front panel audio header.

Table 6. Front Panel Audio Header Signal Names

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	Port1L	2	GND
3	Port1R	4	Presence#
5	Port2R	6	Sense1 Ret
7	Sense Send	8	Key (no pin)
9	Port2L	10	Sense2 Ret

IEEE 1394 Headers

See Figure 21, E for the location of the blue IEEE 1394 headers. Table 7 shows the pin assignments for the headers.

Table 7. IEEE 1394 Header Signal Names

Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	TPA1+	2	TPA1-
3	Ground	4	Ground
5	TPA2+	6	TPA2-
7	+12 V	8	+12 V
9	Key (no pin)	10	Ground

USB 2.0 Headers

See Figure 21, D for the location of the black USB 2.0 headers. Table 8 shows the pin assignments for the headers.

Table 8. USB 2.0 Header Signal Names

USB Port A		USB Port B	
Pin	Signal Name	Pin	Signal Name
1	Power	2	Power
3	D-	4	D-
5	D+	6	D+
7	Ground	8	Ground
9	Key	10	No connect

Note: USB ports may be assigned as needed.

Front Panel Header

Figure 21, C on page 43 shows the location of the multi-colored front panel header. Table 9 shows the pin assignments for the front panel header.

Table 9. Front Panel Header Signal Names

Pin	Signal	In/Out	Description	Pin	Signal	In/Out	Description
Hard Drive Activity LED (Yellow)				Power LED (Green)			
1	HD_PWR	Out	Hard disk LED pull-up (330 Ω) to +5 V	2	HDR_BLNK_GRN	Out	Front panel green LED
3	HDA#	Out	Hard disk active LED	4	HDR_BLNK_YEL	Out	Front panel yellow LED
Reset Switch (Purple)				On/Off Switch (Red)			
5	Ground		Ground	6	SWITCH_ON#	In	Power switch
7	FP_RESET#	In	Reset switch	8	Ground		Ground
9	N/C		Not connected	10	No pin		

Alternate Power LED Header

Figure 21, B on page 43 shows the location of the alternate power LED header. If you have a three-pin power LED cable, connect it to this header.

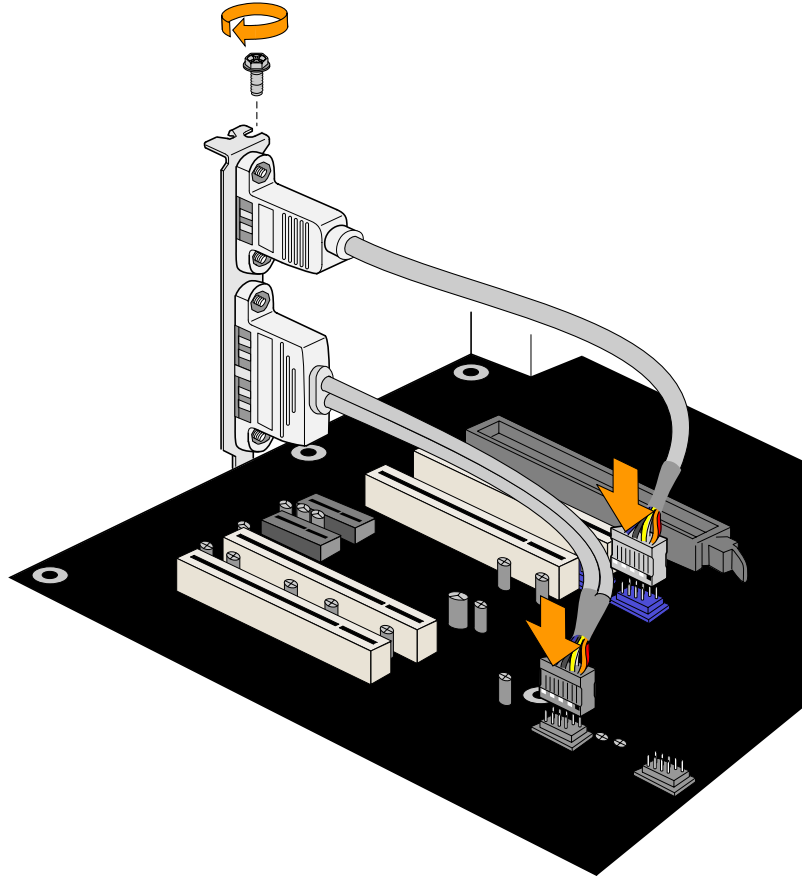
Chassis Intrusion Header

Figure 21, A on page 43 shows the location of the chassis intrusion header. Connect the cable to the header.

Installing the Rear Panel USB 2.0 and IEEE 1394 Adapter

Follow these instructions to install the rear panel USB 2.0 and IEEE 1394 adapter (see Figure 22):

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Attach the cable end with the connector to the USB 2.0 header (black) on the desktop board.
3. Attach the cable end with the connector to the IEEE 1394 header (blue) on the desktop board.
4. Secure the cable's metal bracket to the chassis back panel with a screw.



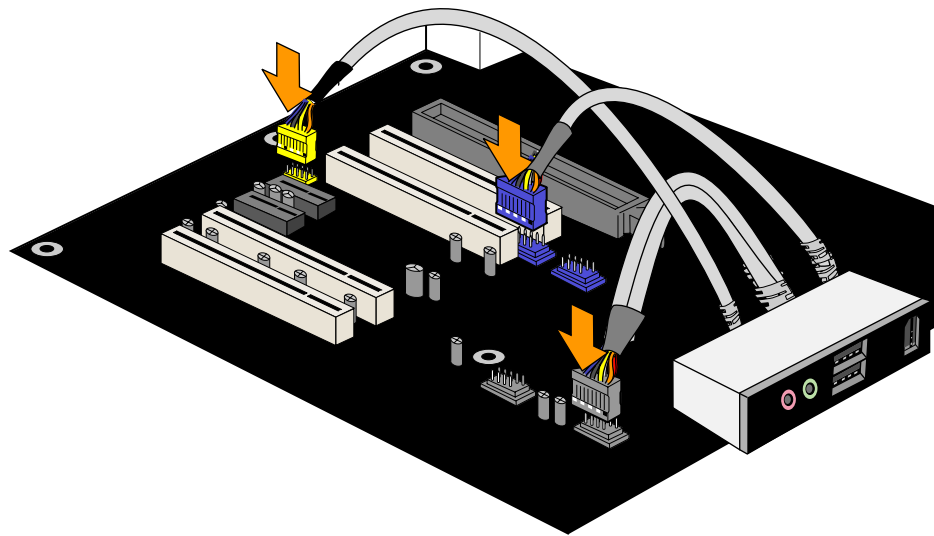
OM16947

Figure 22. Connecting the Rear Panel USB 2.0 and IEEE 1394 Adapter

Installing the Front Panel USB/IEEE 1394/Audio Solution

To install the front panel USB/IEEE1394/audio solution cables to the headers, follow these steps (see Figure 23):

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
3. Remove the cover.
4. Locate the front panel audio header (yellow), USB 2.0 header (black), and IEEE 1394 header (blue) on the desktop board.
5. Install a correctly keyed and shielded cable.
6. Connect the cables to their respective headers on the desktop board.
7. Replace the cover.



OM16948

Figure 23. Connecting the Front Panel USB/IEEE1394/Audio Cables

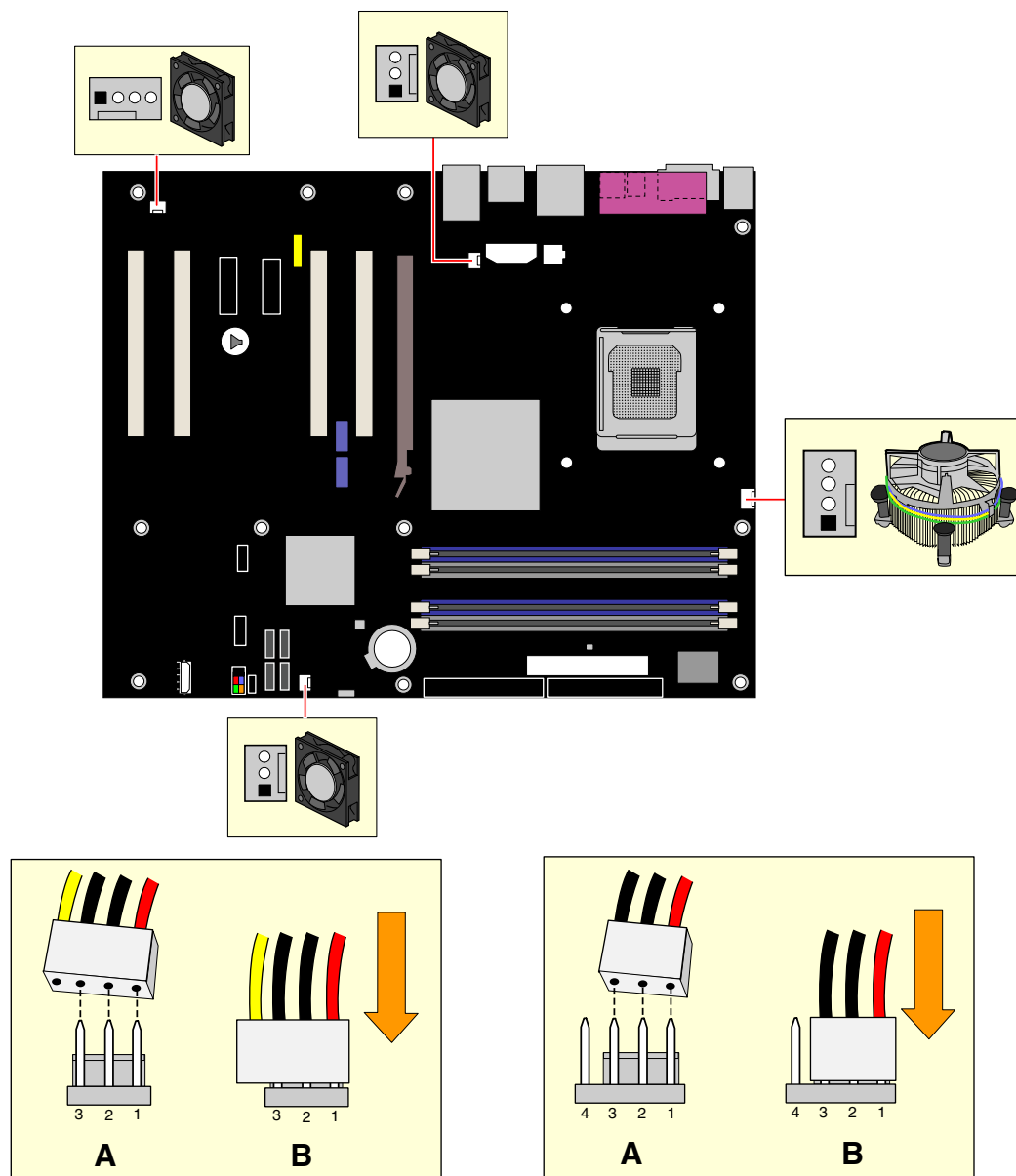
To restore back panel audio, follow these steps:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer and disconnect the AC power cord.
3. Remove the cover.
4. Remove the front panel USB/IEEE1394/audio solution cables.
5. Replace the cover.

Connecting Fans

Connecting Fans

See Figure 24 for fan header locations. Connect the processor's fan heat sink cable to the 4-pin processor fan header on the board. Connect chassis fan cables to the board fan headers.

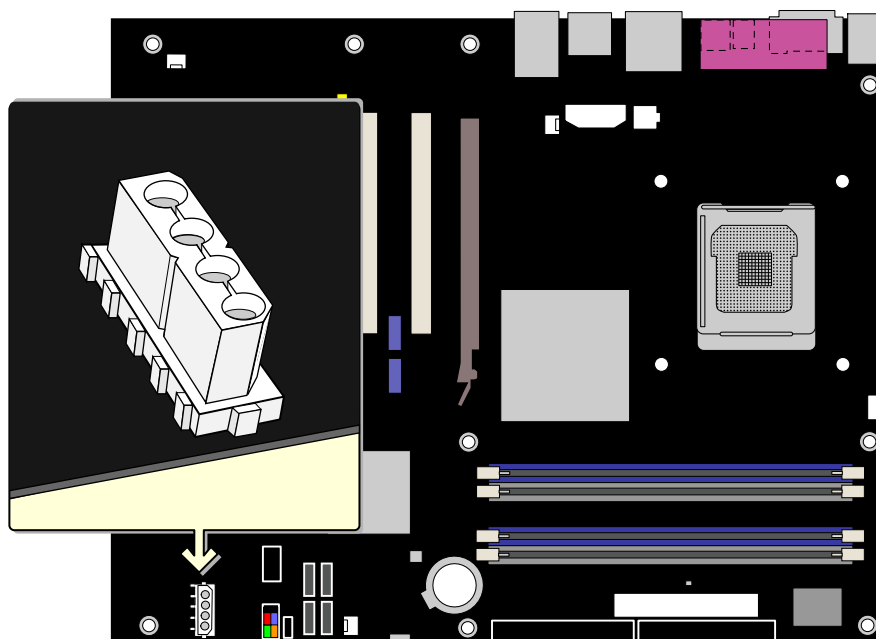


OM16941

Figure 24. Location of Fan Headers

Connecting the Auxiliary Power Output Connector (D925XCV only)

Figure 25 shows the location of the auxiliary power output connector.



OM17141

Figure 25. Auxiliary Power Output Connector

The D925XCV board includes a male 1x4 power connector that can be used to provide power for internal chassis lighting or additional fans using less than 1.5A. The 1x4 connector is off by default. You can turn on/off the connector from within the BIOS Setup program under Advanced → Peripheral Configuration → Auxiliary Power.

The use of this connector requires an ATX12V power supply with a 24-pin (2x12) main power cable. If a power supply with a 20-pin (2x10) main power cable is used, the auxiliary power output connector may not function. The connector circuitry includes overcurrent protection components that limit the current draw to a maximum of 1.5 A



NOTE

Do not use a Y-adaptor, power splitter, or SATA power adaptor to attach storage devices (such as hard disk drives or CD/DVD drives) to this connector. This connector will NOT provide adequate power for storage devices.

Connecting Power Cables

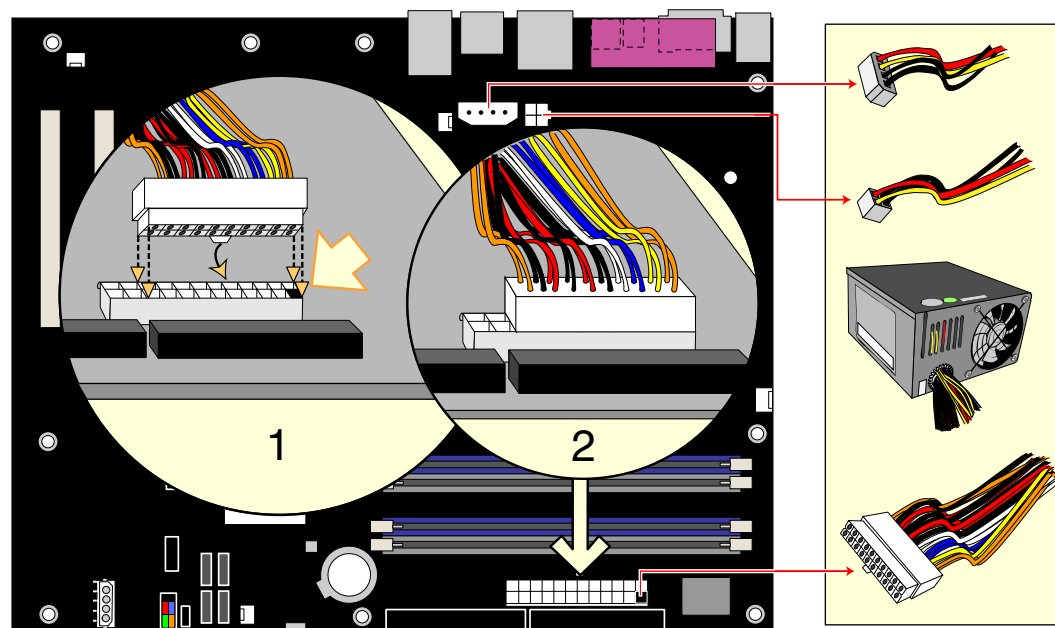


NOTE

Failure to use an ATX12V power supply, or not connecting the 12 V processor core voltage power supply connector (2x2) to the desktop board may result in the computer not booting.

Connecting 2x10 Power Supply Cables

The 2x12 main power connector on the desktop board is backwards compatible with ATX12V power supplies with 2x10 power connections. Use of the 1x4 power connection is recommended with ATX12V power supplies with 2x10 connections when using PCI Express video cards that can consume up to 75 W. Figure 26 shows the location of the power connectors for a 2x10 power supply.



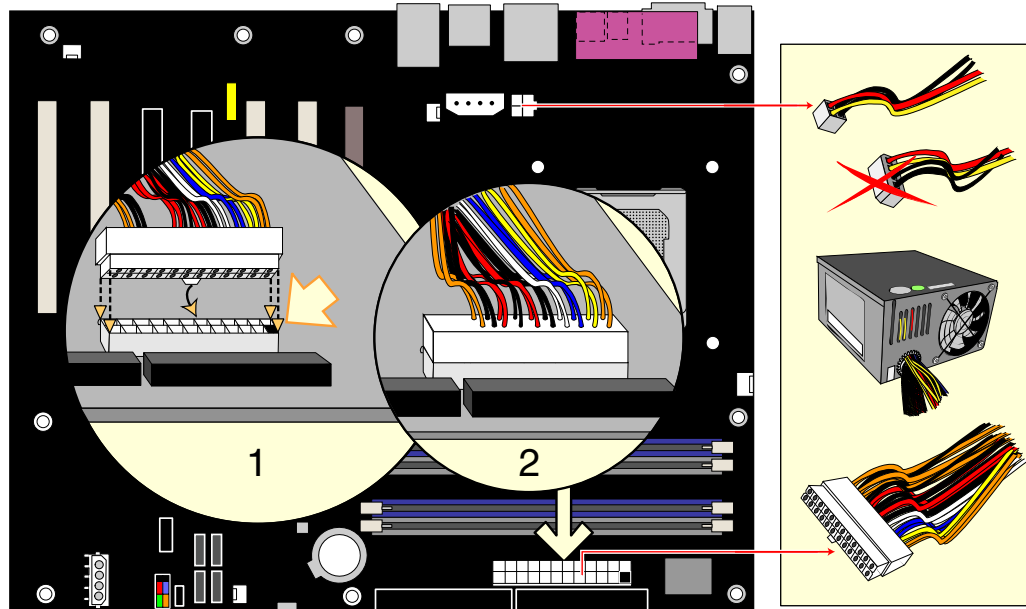
OM16951

Figure 26. Connecting 2x10 Power Supply Cables

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Connect the 1x4 power supply cable to the 1x4 connector.
3. Connect the 12 V processor core voltage power supply cable to the 2x2 connector.
4. Connect the main power supply cable to the 2x10 connector.

Connecting 2x12 Power Supply Cables

If you have a 2x12 power supply, follow the instruction below. Figure 26 shows the location of the power connectors for a 2x12 power supply.



OM16950

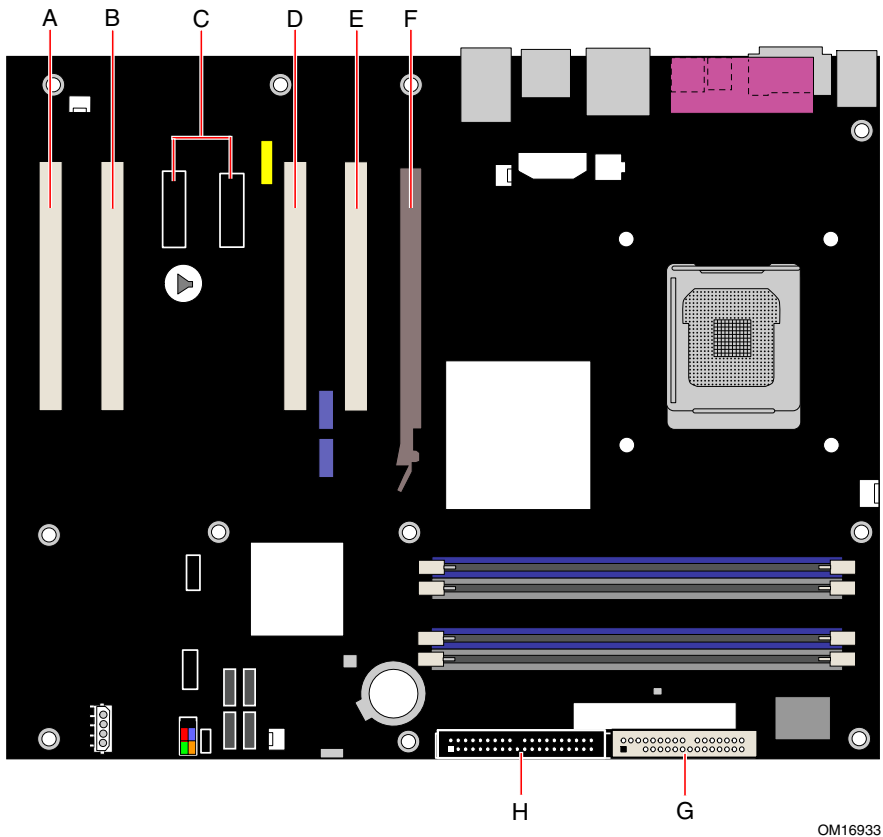
Figure 27. Connecting 2x12 Power Supply Cables

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Connect the 12 V processor core voltage power supply cable to the 2x2 connector.
3. Connect the main power supply cable to the 2x12 connector.

Installing Other Connectors

Figure 28 shows the location of the:

- PCI bus add-in card connectors (two on Desktop Board D925XBC)
- PCI Express x1 connectors (one on Desktop Board D925XBC)
- PCI Express x16 connector
- Floppy drive connector
- IDE drive connector



OM16933

Item	Description
A	PCI bus add-in card connector 4
B	PCI bus add-in card connector 3
C	PCI Express x1 connectors
D	PCI bus add-in card connector 2 (SMBus routed)
E	PCI bus add-in card connector 1
F	PCI Express x16 connector
G	Floppy drive connector
H	IDE drive connector

Figure 28. Location of Other Connectors

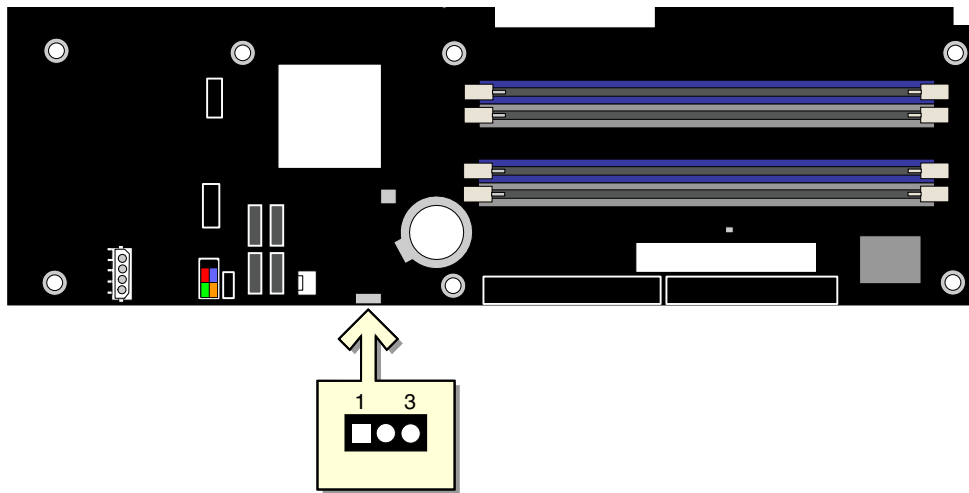
Setting the BIOS Configuration Jumper Block



CAUTION

Always turn off the power and unplug the power cord from the computer before changing the jumper. Moving the jumper with the power on may result in unreliable computer operation.

The location of the desktop board's BIOS configuration jumper is shown in Figure 29.






OM16929

Figure 29. Location of the BIOS Configuration Jumper Block

The three-pin BIOS jumper block enables all board configurations to be done in BIOS Setup. Table 10 shows the jumper settings for the Setup program modes.

Table 10. Jumper Settings for the BIOS Setup Program Modes

Jumper Setting	Mode	Description
 1 3	Normal (default) (1-2)	The BIOS uses the current configuration and passwords for booting.
 1 3	Configure (2-3)	After the Power-On Self-Test (POST) runs, the BIOS displays the Maintenance Menu. Use this menu to clear passwords.
 1 3	Recovery (None)	The BIOS recovers data from a recovery diskette in the event of a failed BIOS update.

Clearing Passwords

This procedure assumes that the board is installed in the computer and the configuration jumper block is set to normal mode.

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Turn off the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source (wall outlet or power adapter).
3. Remove the computer cover.
4. Find the configuration jumper block (see Figure 29).
5. Place the jumper on pins 2-3 as shown below.



1 3

6. Replace the cover, plug in the computer, turn on the computer, and allow it to boot.
7. The computer starts the Setup program. Setup displays the Maintenance menu.
8. Use the arrow keys to select Clear Passwords. Press <Enter> and Setup displays a pop-up screen requesting that you confirm clearing the password. Select Yes and press <Enter>. Setup displays the maintenance menu again.
9. Press <F10> to save the current values and exit Setup.
10. Turn off the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source.
11. Remove the computer cover.
12. To restore normal operation, place the jumper on pins 1-2 as shown below.



1 3

13. Replace the cover, plug in the computer, and turn on the computer.

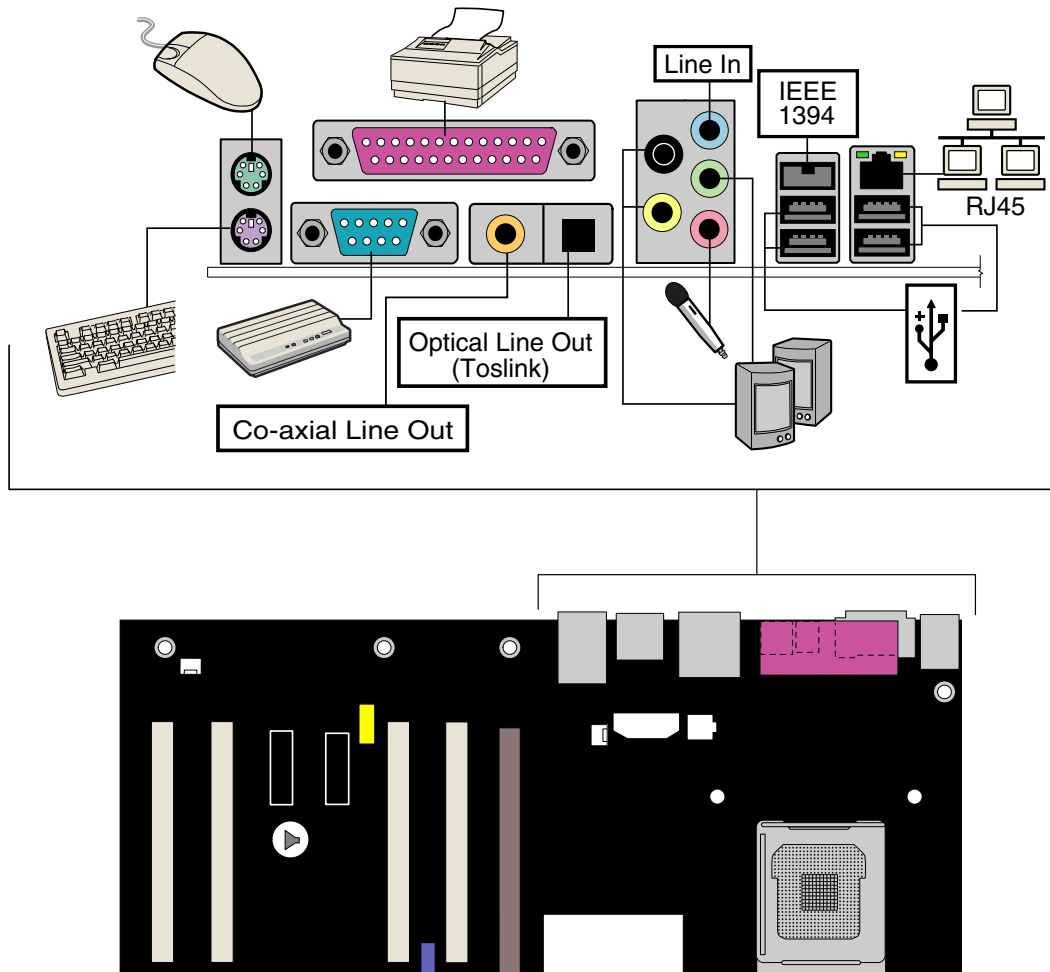
Back Panel Connectors



NOTE

The line out connector, located on the back panel, is designed to power either headphones or amplified speakers only. Poor audio quality may occur if passive (non-amplified) speakers are connected to this output.

Figure 30 shows the back panel connectors.

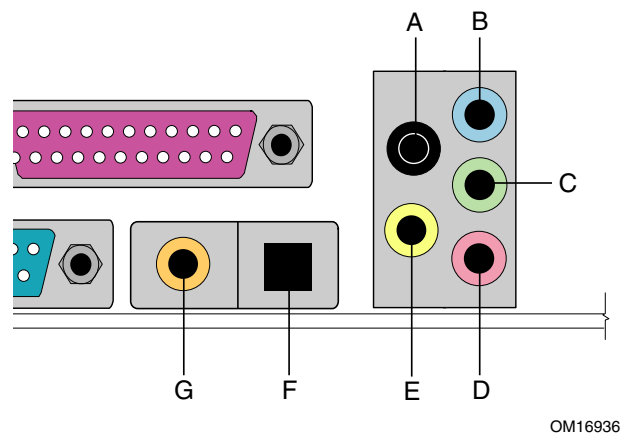


OM16931

Figure 30. Back Panel Connectors

Setting Up Full 7.1-Channel Surround Sound (Optional)

After installing the audio driver from the Intel Express Installer CD-ROM, the multi-channel audio feature can be enabled. Figure 31 shows the location of back panel audio connectors.



Item	Description
A	Rear left/right out (multi-channel audio)
B	Line in
C	Line out (2-channel) or front left/right out (multi-channel)
D	Mic in (re-task for multi-channel)
E	Center/Low Frequency Effects (LFE) out (multi-channel)
F	Optical S/PDIF (Toslink) line out
G	Coaxial S/PDIF (RCA) line out

Figure 31. Back Panel Audio Connectors

Multi-Channel Analog Audio

Connect speakers to A, B, C, D, or E as shown in Figure 31, up to eight speakers.

Multi-Channel Digital Audio

Two types of S/PDIF connectors are available: coaxial (G) and optical (F). Select the proper connector according to the style of S/PDIF speakers that will be used.

Replacing the Battery

A coin-cell battery (CR2032) powers the real-time clock and CMOS memory. When the computer is not plugged into a wall socket, the battery has an estimated life of three years. When the computer is plugged in, the standby current from the power supply extends the life of the battery. The clock is accurate to ± 13 minutes/year at 25 °C with 3.3 VSB applied.

When the voltage drops below a certain level, the BIOS Setup program settings stored in CMOS RAM (for example, the date and time) might not be accurate. Replace the battery with an equivalent one. Figure 32 on page 60 shows the location of the battery.



CAUTION

Risk of explosion if the battery is replaced with an incorrect type. Batteries should be recycled where possible. Disposal of used batteries must be in accordance with local environmental regulations.



PRÉCAUTION

Risque d'explosion si la pile usagée est remplacée par une pile de type incorrect. Les piles usagées doivent être recyclées dans la mesure du possible. La mise au rebut des piles usagées doit respecter les réglementations locales en vigueur en matière de protection de l'environnement.



FORHOLDSREGEL

Eksplosionsfare, hvis batteriet erstattes med et batteri af en forkert type. Batterier bør om muligt genbruges. Bortskaffelse af brugte batterier bør foregå i overensstemmelse med gældende miljølovgivning.



OBS!

Det kan oppstå eksplosjonsfare hvis batteriet skiftes ut med feil type. Brukte batterier bør kastes i henhold til gjeldende miljølovgivning.



VIKTIGT!

Risk för explosion om batteriet ersätts med felaktig batterityp. Batterier ska kasseras enligt de lokala miljövårdsbestämmelserna.



VARO

Räjähdyksvaara, jos pariston tyyppi on väärä. Paristot on kierrätettävä, jos se on mahdollista. Käytetty paristot on hävitettävä paikallisten ympäristömääräysten mukaisesti.



VORSICHT

Bei falschem Einsetzen einer neuen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Die Batterie darf nur durch denselben oder einen entsprechenden, vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp ersetzt werden. Entsorgen Sie verbrauchte Batterien den Anweisungen des Herstellers entsprechend.



AVVERTIMENTO

Esiste il pericolo di un esplosione se la pila non viene sostituita in modo corretto. Utilizzare solo pile uguali o di tipo equivalente a quelle consigliate dal produttore. Per disfarsi delle pile usate, seguire le istruzioni del produttore.



PRECAUCIÓN

Existe peligro de explosión si la pila no se cambia de forma adecuada. Utilice solamente pilas iguales o del mismo tipo que las recomendadas por el fabricante del equipo. Para deshacerse de las pilas usadas, siga igualmente las instrucciones del fabricante.



WAARSCHUWING

Er bestaat ontploffingsgevaar als de batterij wordt vervangen door een onjuist type batterij. Batterijen moeten zoveel mogelijk worden gerecycled. Houd u bij het weggooien van gebruikte batterijen aan de plaatselijke milieuwetgeving.



ATENÇÃO

Haverá risco de explosão se a bateria for substituída por um tipo de bateria incorreto. As baterias devem ser recicladas nos locais apropriados. A eliminação de baterias usadas deve ser feita de acordo com as regulamentações ambientais da região.



AŠCIAROŽNÁŠĆ

Існуе рызыка выбуху, калі заменены акумулятар непраўльнага тыпу. Акумулятары павінны, па магчымасці, перепрацоўвацца. Пазбаўляцца ад старых акумулятараў патрэбна згодна з мясцовым заканадаўствам па экалогіі.



UPOZORNĚNÍ

V případě výměny baterie za nesprávný druh může dojít k výbuchu. Je-li to možné, baterie by měly být recyklovány. Baterie je třeba zlikvidovat v souladu s místními předpisy o životním prostředí.



Προσοχή

Υπάρχει κίνδυνος για έκρηξη σε περίπτωση που η μπαταρία αντικατασταθεί από μία λανθασμένου τύπου. Οι μπαταρίες θα πρέπει να ανακυκλώνονται όταν κάτι τέτοιο είναι δυνατό. Η απόρριψη των χρησιμοποιημένων μπαταριών πρέπει να γίνεται σύμφωνα με τους κατά τόπο περιβαλλοντικούς κανονισμούς.



VIGYÁZAT

Ha a telepet nem a megfelelő típusú telepre cseréli, az felrobbanhat. A telepeket lehetőség szerint újra kell hasznosítani. A használt telepeket a helyi környezetvédelmi előírásoknak megfelelően kell kiselejtezni.

**注意**

異なる種類の電池を使用すると、爆発の危険があります。リサイクルが可能な地域であれば、電池をリサイクルしてください。使用後の電池を破棄する際には、地域の環境規制に従ってください。

**AWAS**

Risiko letupan wujud jika bateri digantikan dengan jenis yang tidak betul. Bateri sepatutnya dikitar semula jika boleh. Pelupusan bateri terpakai mestilah mematuhi peraturan alam sekitar tempatan.

**OSTRZEŻENIE**

Istnieje niebezpieczeństwo wybuchu w przypadku zastosowania niewłaściwego typu baterii. Zużyte baterie należy w miarę możliwości utylizować zgodnie z odpowiednimi przepisami ochrony środowiska.

**PRECAUȚIE**

Risc de explozie, dacă bateria este înlocuită cu un tip de baterie necorespunzător. Bateriile trebuie reciclate, dacă este posibil. Depozitarea bateriilor uzate trebuie să respecte reglementările locale privind protecția mediului.

**ВНИМАНИЕ**

При использовании батареи несоответствующего типа существует риск ее взрыва. Батареи должны быть утилизированы по возможности. Утилизация батарей должна проводиться по правилам, соответствующим местным требованиям.

**UPOZORNENIE**

Ak batériu vymeníte za nesprávny typ, hrozí nebezpečenstvo jej výbuchu. Batérie by sa mali podľa možnosti vždy recyklovať. Likvidácia použitých batérií sa musí vykonávať v súlade s miestnymi predpismi na ochranu životného prostredia.

**POZOR**

Zamenjava baterije z baterijo drugačnega tipa lahko povzroči eksplozijo. Če je mogoče, baterije reciklirajte. Rabljene baterije zavrzite v skladu z lokalnimi okoljevarstvenimi predpisi.

**การระวัง**

ระวังการระเบิดที่เกิดจากเปลี่ยนแบตเตอรี่ผิดประเภท หากเป็นไปได้ ควรนำแบตเตอรี่ไปรีไซเคิล การทิ้งแบตเตอรี่ใช้แล้วต้องเป็นไปตามกฎข้อบังคับด้านสิ่งแวดล้อมของท้องถิ่น.



UYARI

Yanlış türde pil takıldığında patlama riski vardır. Piller mümkün olduğunda geri dönüştürülmelidir. Kullanılmış piller, yerel çevre yasalarına uygun olarak atılmalıdır.

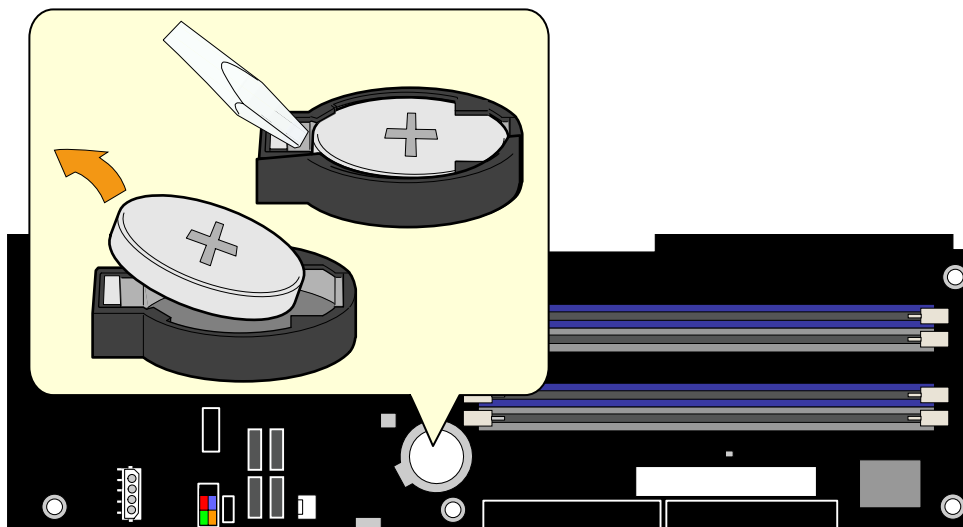


ОСТОРОГА

Використовуйте батареї правильного типу, інакше існуватиме ризик вибуху. Якщо можливо, використані батареї слід утилізувати. Утилізація використаних батарей має бути виконана згідно місцевих норм, що регулюють охорону довкілля.

To replace the battery, follow these steps:

1. Observe the precautions in "Before You Begin" on page 25.
2. Turn off all peripheral devices connected to the computer. Disconnect the computer's power cord from the AC power source (wall outlet or power adapter).
3. Remove the computer cover.
4. Locate the battery on the board (see Figure 32).
5. With a medium flat-bladed screwdriver, gently pry the battery free from its connector. Note the orientation of the "+" and "-" on the battery.
6. Install the new battery in the connector, orienting the "+" and "-" correctly.
7. Replace the computer cover.



OM16930

Figure 32. Removing the Battery

3 BIOS

The BIOS Setup program is accessed by pressing the <F2> key after the Power-On Self-Test (POST) memory test begins and before the operating system boot begins. For the latest BIOS Setup menu options, go to the Intel World Wide Web site:

<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/>

Updating the BIOS

The BIOS can be updated by either using the Intel Express BIOS Update utility or the Iflash Memory Update utility.

Updating the BIOS with the Intel® Express BIOS Update Utility

With the Intel Express BIOS Update utility you can update the system BIOS while in the Windows environment. The BIOS file is included in an automated update utility that combines the functionality of the Intel® Flash Memory Update Utility and the ease-of use of Windows-based installation wizards.

To update the BIOS with the Intel Express BIOS Update utility:

1. Go to the Intel World Wide Web site:
<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop/>
2. Navigate to the D925XCV/D925XBC page, click “[view] Latest BIOS updates,” and select the Express BIOS Update utility file.
3. Download the file to your hard drive. (You can also save this file to a diskette. This is useful if you are updating the BIOS for multiple identical systems.)
4. Close all other applications. This step is required. Your system will be rebooted at the last Express BIOS Update window.
5. Double-click the executable file from the location on your hard drive where it was saved. This runs the update program.
6. Follow the instructions provided in the dialog boxes to complete the BIOS update.

Updating the BIOS with the Iflash Memory Update Utility

With the Iflash BIOS update utility you can update the system BIOS from a floppy disk or other bootable media. The utility available from the Web provides a simple method for creating a bootable flash memory update floppy that will automatically update your BIOS.

Obtaining the BIOS Update File

You can update to a new version of the BIOS by using the BIOS update file. The BIOS update file is a compressed self-extracting archive that contains all the files you need to update the BIOS. The BIOS update file contains:

- New BIOS files
- BIOS recovery files
- Intel Flash Memory Update Utility

You can obtain the BIOS update file through your computer supplier or by navigating to the Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC page on the Intel World Wide Web site at:

<http://support.intel.com/support/motherboards/desktop>

Navigate to the D925XCV/D925XBC page, click “[view] Latest BIOS updates,” and select the Iflash BIOS Update utility file.



NOTE

Review the instructions distributed with the update utility before attempting a BIOS update.

The Iflash Memory Update utility allows you to:

- Update the BIOS in flash memory
- Update the language section of the BIOS

Updating the BIOS



CAUTION

The AUTOEXEC.BAT file provided with the update files updates the BIOS. Do not interrupt the process or the system may not function.

1. Boot the computer with the BIOS update diskette in drive A. During system boot, the AUTOEXEC.BAT file provided with the update files will automatically run the BIOS update process.
2. When the update process is complete, the monitor will display a message telling you to remove the diskette and to reboot the system.
3. As the computer boots, check the BIOS identifier (version number) to make sure the update was successful. If a logo appears, press <Esc> to view the POST messages.

Recovering the BIOS


It is unlikely that anything will interrupt the BIOS update; however, if an interruption occurs, the BIOS could be damaged. The following steps explain how to recover the BIOS if an update fails. The following procedure uses recovery mode for the Setup program. See page 53 for more information on Setup modes.




NOTE

Because of the small amount of code available in the boot block area, there is no video support. You will not see anything on the screen during this procedure. Monitor the procedure by listening to the speaker and looking at the diskette drive LED.

1. Turn off the computer, disconnect the computer's power cord, and disconnect all external peripherals.
2. Remove the computer cover and locate the configuration jumper block (see Figure 29).
3. Remove the jumper from all pins as shown below to set recovery mode for Setup.



1
3
4. Insert the bootable BIOS update diskette into diskette drive A.
5. Replace the computer cover, connect the power cord, turn on the computer, and allow it to boot. The recovery process will take a few minutes.
6. Listen to the speaker:
 - Upon applying power, drive A will begin to show activity. In about a minute, two beeps are heard and drive A activity ceases (temporarily) indicating the successful recovery of the BIOS core. Drive A activity will begin again followed by two more beeps indicating the successful recovery of the boot block. This sequence of events indicates a successful BIOS recovery.
 - A series of continuous beeps indicates a failed BIOS recovery.
7. If recovery fails, return to step 1 and repeat the recovery process.
8. If recovery is successful, turn off the computer, and disconnect its power cord.
9. Remove the computer cover and continue with the following steps.
10. On the jumper block, reinstall the jumper back on pins 1-2 as shown below to set normal mode for Setup.



1
3
11. Leave the update diskette in drive A, replace the computer cover, and connect the computer's power cord.
12. Turn on the computer and continue with the BIOS update.

4 Desktop Board Resources

Memory Map

Table 11. System Memory Map

Address Range (decimal)	Address Range (hex)	Size	Description
1024 K - 4194304 K	100000 - FFFFFFFF	4095 MB	Extended Memory
960 K - 1024 K	F0000 - FFFFF	64 KB	Runtime BIOS
896 K - 960 K	E0000 - EFFFF	64 KB	Reserved
800 K - 896 K	C8000 - DFFFF	96 KB	Available high DOS memory (open to the PCI bus)
640 K - 800 K	A0000 - C7FFF	160 KB	Video memory and BIOS
639 K - 640 K	9FC00 - 9FFFF	1 KB	Extended BIOS data (movable by memory manager software)
512 K - 639 K	80000 - 9FBFF	127 KB	Extended conventional memory
0 K - 512 K	00000 - 7FFFF	512 KB	Conventional memory

DMA Channels

Table 12. DMA Channels

DMA Channel Number	Data Width	System Resource
0	8 or 16 bits	
1	8 or 16 bits	Parallel port
2	8 or 16 bits	Floppy drive
3	8 or 16 bits	Parallel port (for ECP or EPP)
4	8 or 16 bits	DMA controller
5	16 bits	Open
6	16 bits	Open
7	16 bits	Open

Interrupts

Table 13. Interrupts

IRQ	System Resource
NMI	I/O channel check
0	Reserved, interval timer
1	Reserved, keyboard buffer full
2	Reserved, cascade interrupt from slave PIC
3	COM2*
4	COM1*
5	LPT2 (Plug and Play option) / **
6	Floppy drive controller
7	LPT1*
8	Real time clock
9	**
10	**
11	**
12	Onboard mouse port (if present, else user available)
13	Reserved, math coprocessor
14	Primary IDE/Serial ATA (if present, else user available)
15	Secondary IDE/Serial ATA (if present, else user available)

* Default, but can be changed to another IRQ.

** Dynamically allocated for all PCI/AGP devices and slots.

A Error Messages and Indicators

Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC reports POST errors in two ways:

- By sounding a beep code
- By displaying an error message on the monitor

BIOS Beep Codes

The BIOS beep codes are listed in Table 14. The BIOS also issues a beep code (one long tone followed by two short tones) during POST if the video configuration fails (a faulty video card or no card installed) or if an external ROM module does not properly checksum to zero.

Table 14. Beep Codes

Beep	Description
1, 3	Memory error
8	Video error

BIOS Error Messages

When a recoverable error occurs during the POST, the BIOS displays an error message describing the problem.

Table 15. BIOS Error Messages

Error Message	Explanation
GA20 Error	An error occurred with Gate-A20 when switching to protected mode during the memory test.
Pri Master HDD Error Pri Slave HDD Error Sec Master HDD Error Sec Slave HDD Error	Could not read sector from corresponding drive.
Pri Master Drive - ATAPI Incompatible Pri Slave Drive - ATAPI Incompatible Sec Master Drive - ATAPI Incompatible Sec Slave Drive - ATAPI Incompatible	Corresponding drive is not an ATAPI device. Run Setup to make sure device is selected correctly.
A: Drive Error B: Drive Error	No response from the diskette drive.
CMOS Battery Low	The battery may be losing power. Replace the battery soon.
CMOS Display Type Wrong	The display type is different than what has been stored in CMOS. Check Setup to make sure type is correct.
CMOS Checksum Bad	The CMOS checksum is incorrect. CMOS memory may have been corrupted. Run Setup to reset values.
CMOS Settings Wrong	CMOS values are not the same as the last boot. These values have either been corrupted or the battery has failed.

continued

Table 15. BIOS Error Messages (continued)

Error Message	Explanation
CMOS Date/Time Not Set	The time and/or date values stored in CMOS are invalid. Run Setup to set correct values.
DMA Error	Error during read/write test of DMA controller.
FDC Failure	Error occurred trying to access diskette drive controller.
HDC Failure	Error occurred trying to access hard disk controller.
Checking NVRAM.....	NVRAM is being checked to see if it is valid.
Update OK!	NVRAM was invalid and has been updated.
Updated Failed	NVRAM was invalid but was unable to be updated.
Keyboard Is Locked	The system keyboard lock is engaged. The system must be unlocked to continue to boot.
Keyboard Error	Error in the keyboard connection. Make sure keyboard is connected properly.
KB/Interface Error	Keyboard interface test failed.
Memory Size Decreased	Memory size has decreased since the last boot. If no memory was removed, then memory may be bad.
Memory Size Increased	Memory size has increased since the last boot. If no memory was added, there may be a problem with the system.
Memory Size Changed	Memory size has changed since the last boot. If no memory was added or removed, then memory may be bad.
No Boot Device Available	System did not find a device to boot.
Off Board Parity Error	A parity error occurred on an offboard card. This error is followed by an address.
On Board Parity Error	A parity error occurred in onboard memory. This error is followed by an address.
Parity Error	A parity error occurred in onboard memory at an unknown address.
NVRAM / CMOS / PASSWORD cleared by Jumper	NVRAM, CMOS, and passwords have been cleared. The system should be powered down and the jumper removed.
<CTRL_N> Pressed	CMOS is ignored and NVRAM is cleared. User must enter Setup.

B Regulatory Compliance

This appendix contains the following regulatory compliance information for Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC:

- Safety regulations
- European Union Declaration of Conformity statement
- Product Ecology statements
- Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) regulations
- Product certification markings

Safety Regulations

Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC complies with the safety regulations stated in Table 16 when correctly installed in a compatible host system.

Table 16. Safety Regulations

Regulation	Title
UL 60950-1:2003/ CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1-03	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (USA and Canada)
EN 60950-1:2002	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (European Union)
IEC 60950-1:2001, First Edition	Information Technology Equipment – Safety - Part 1: General Requirements (International)

European Union Declaration of Conformity Statement

We, Intel Corporation, declare under our sole responsibility that the product Intel® Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC is in conformity with all applicable essential requirements necessary for CE marking, following the provisions of the European Council Directive 89/336/EEC (EMC Directive) and Council Directive 73/23/EEC (Safety/Low Voltage Directive).

The product is properly CE marked demonstrating this conformity and is for distribution within all member states of the EU with no restrictions.



This product follows the provisions of the European Directives 89/336/EEC and 73/23/EEC.

Dansk Dette produkt er i overensstemmelse med det europæiske direktiv 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Dutch Dit product is in navolging van de bepalingen van Europees Directief 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Suomi Tämä tuote noudattaa EU-direktiivin 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC määräyksiä.

Français Ce produit est conforme aux exigences de la Directive Européenne 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Deutsch Dieses Produkt entspricht den Bestimmungen der Europäischen Richtlinie 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Icelandic Þessi vara stenst reglugerð Evrópska Efnahags Bandalagsins númer 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Italiano Questo prodotto è conforme alla Direttiva Europea 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Norsk Dette produktet er i henhold til bestemmelsene i det europeiske direktivet 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Portuguese Este produto cumpre com as normas da Diretiva Europeia 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Español Este producto cumple con las normas del Directivo Europeo 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Svenska Denna produkt har tillverkats i enlighet med EG-direktiv 89/336/EEC & 73/23/EEC.

Product Ecology Statements

The following information is provided to address worldwide product ecology concerns and regulations.

Disposal Considerations

This product contains the following materials that may be regulated upon disposal: lead solder on the printed wiring board assembly.

Recycling Considerations

Intel encourages its customers to recycle its products and their components (e.g., batteries, circuit boards, plastic enclosures, etc.) whenever possible. In the U.S., a list of recyclers in your area can be found at:

<http://www.eiae.org>

In the absence of a viable recycling option, products and their components must be disposed of in accordance with all applicable local environmental regulations.

EMC Regulations

Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC complies with the EMC regulations stated in Table 17 when correctly installed in a compatible host system.

Table 17. EMC Regulations

Regulation	Title
FCC Class B	Title 47 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Parts 2 and 15, Subpart B, Radio Frequency Devices. (USA)
ICES-003 (Class B)	Interference-Causing Equipment Standard, Digital Apparatus. (Canada)
EN55022: 1998 (Class B)	Limits and methods of measurement of Radio Interference Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. (European Union)
EN55024: 1998	Information Technology Equipment – Immunity Characteristics Limits and methods of measurement. (European Union)
AS/NZS 3548 (Class B)	Australian Communications Authority, Standard for Electromagnetic Compatibility. (Australia and New Zealand)
CISPR 22, 3 rd Edition, (Class B)	Limits and methods of measurement of Radio Disturbance Characteristics of Information Technology Equipment. (International)
CISPR 24: 1997	Information Technology Equipment – Immunity Characteristics – Limits and Methods of Measurement. (International)
VCCI (Class B)	Voluntary Control for Interference by Information Technology Equipment (Japan)

Japanese Kanji statement translation: this is a Class B product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference from Information Technology Equipment (VCCI). If this is used near a radio or television receiver in a domestic environment, it may cause radio interference. Install and use the equipment according to the instruction manual.

この装置は、情報処理装置等電波障害自主規制協議会（VCCI）の基準に基づくクラスB情報技術装置です。この装置は、家庭環境で使用することを目的としていますが、この装置がラジオやテレビジョン受信機に近接して使用されると、受信障害を引き起こすことがあります。
取扱説明書に従って正しい取り扱いをして下さい。





Korean Class B statement translation: this is household equipment that is certified to comply with EMC requirements. You may use this equipment in residential environments and other non-residential environments.

이 기기는 가정용으로 전자파적합등록을 한 기기로서
주거지역에서는 물론 모든 지역에서 사용할 수 있습니다.

Product Certification Markings (Board Level)

Desktop Board D925XCV/D925XBC has the following product certification markings:

Table 18. Product Certification Markings

Description	Mark
UL joint US/Canada Recognized Component mark. Includes adjacent UL file number for Intel desktop boards: E210882 (component side).	
FCC Declaration of Conformity logo mark for Class B equipment; includes Intel name and D925XCV/D925XBC model designation (component side).	<div>Trade Name Model Number</div>  <div>Tested To Comply With FCC Standards</div> <div>FOR HOME OR OFFICE USE</div>
CE mark. Declares compliance to European Union (EU) EMC directive (89/336/EEC) and Low Voltage directive (73/23/EEC) (component side). The CE mark should also be on the shipping container.	
Australian Communications Authority (ACA) C-tick mark. Includes adjacent Intel supplier code number, N-232. The C-tick mark should also be on the shipping container.	
Printed wiring board manufacturer's recognition mark: consists of a unique UL recognized manufacturer's logo, along with a flammability rating (solder side).	V-0 or 94V-0